A E Herrick 6-10-17

The Oxford County Citizen.

VOLUME XXIII—NUMBER 18. BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1917. $1.50 IN ADVANCE.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Events of Interest From Washington.

By J. E. Jones.

WHO IS GOING TO PAY?

The profits of the United States Steel Corporation for 1917 will be $400,000,000; and most of this will be made out of war supplies. Is it any wonder that people in Wall Street are asking: "Do you think there is any danger of the war being stopped?" There have been various propositions before the Senate to tax excess profits, and under analysis all these propositions have been juggled in the interests of Steel. Every effort to shift a substantial part of the war burden onto the capitalistic interests has met with defeat. Something like $4,000,000,000 additional is to be loaned to the Allies; and before many moons war will be costing the people of the United States one million dollars an hour. In the face of these frightful conditions Congress has stood by the rich all the way through. The common people are the ones who will have to pay the tax.

LIBERTY LOAN ADVERTISING.

Groups of advertising interests have been buckling into Washington, attempting to secure appropriations for advertising the next Liberty Loan. They want about a million and a half dollars, out of which they propose that the small papers of the country shall receive $100,000, and the rest of the pot will be split between the Curtis publications, and a few other large groups. Of course the influential daily newspapers are to be taken care of—otherwise they might "spill the beans." At the United States Treasury the question of newspaper advertising is receiving serious consideration, and the policy of giving the 16,000 small papers of the country some of the crumbs, is being looked on with favor. Mr. McAdoo is reported as having said that he believed "every paper should be treated exactly alike." Of course there may be no advertising at all. None was done for the first Liberty Loan; but more difficulty is expected with the next issue of bonds.

HOOVER IS SUCCEEDING.

One after another of the great industrial agencies are coming to the front, agreeing with Food Administrator Hoover upon prices to be charged for food supplies. "The Hoover Administration is getting what it wants," declared one of the representatives of the largest institutions in the country. That tells the story rather completely. Mr. Hoover makes a business of finding out what prices are somewhere within reason, and then he gets the men who will handle the different commodities to agree to sell at a stipulated figure. That they are all doing it, because they know that if they do not, the Government will proceed to set arbitrary prices, as was done in the case of the coal miners.

MEXICO IS IN GOOD GRACES.

For a long time Mexico was under suspicion, but recent developments indicate that the Carranza Government has grown rapidly in favor of late; and the probabilities are that the republic to the southwest will eventually land a loan. All fear that German propaganda is being manipulated from Mexico has been removed.

WASHINGTON AND THE PACIFISTS.

While the People's Council was having its difficulties trying to meet in Minneapolis, Hudson and Chicago, the report gained ground that the pacifists would come to Washington to hold their sessions, and it was made plain through the public press that the police would permit the meeting, and give it protection. The idea that free speech is to be suppressed is apparent not as popular in the Capital as in the interior of the country. In Washington pacifists are not regarded as persons attempting to interfere with the Government policy. "They are looked upon merely as people who believe that the war could be brought to close at a very early date, instead of 'fighting to the last ditch'." It is true that pacifism is not flourishing in Washington; but to the credit of the city it may be said that discussions of every phase of public questions, whether of the war or not, are not forbidden.

VIC. MURDOCK COMES BACK.

A few years ago a young newspaper man came to Congress from the State of Kansas. This young Murdock

Continued on page 8.

GRANGE NEWS

CANTON GRANGE.

Canton Grange observed Young People's Night, Saturday evening, with a good attendance. The chairs were filled by the young people, Arthur Tucker acting as Worthy Master. At the close of the meeting the following program was enjoyed:

Piano solo, Miss Ada Bonney
Reading, Mrs. W. A. Lucas
Music, Arthur Westgate, violin, and Miss Eleanor Westgate, piano
Reading, Mrs. H. M. Tucker
Remarks, Herbert M. Tucker

Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served and dancing was enjoyed, music being furnished by Arthur and Eleanor Westgate.

UNION GRANGE.

Union Grange, East Sumner, met Saturday evening, Sept. 7, in regular session with a fair attendance. The minutes of the last meeting were read and the resolutions of respect on the death of Helen Chandler were presented by the following committee, Nellie Bisbee, Lucy Russell, Nellie Ricker, and read by the secretary, Ida Bonney. The report of sick members find Ruth Crockett and Win Allen improving. Patriotic songs were sung and the meeting closed in usual form.

The next meeting will be in two weeks, an afternoon session.

PLEASANT VALLEY GRANGE.

Pleasant Valley Grange, No. 136, West Bethel, held its regular meeting Tuesday evening, Sept. 11, with 25 members and two visitors present. Officers pro tem. Overseer, Chaplain, Secretary, Assistant Steward, Lady Assistant Steward, Gate Keeper, Ceres, Flora. The third and fourth degrees were conferred on two candidates. It was voted to begin the meeting at eight o'clock sharp. A special meeting will be held Friday evening to make plans for the coming Grange fair to be held Sept. 25. The literary program consisting of the Grange Paper read by Mabel Carpenter.

NORWAY GRANGE.

Norway Grange met Sept. 8 in regular session. Meeting called to order by Worthy Overseer, Fred Lovejoy, at 2 p. m. Meeting opened in form and minutes of last meeting read. The Grange joined in singing "America," after which several matters of business were taken up and disposed of. Sister Lelia Watson resigned from the committee on the Grange fair to be held later, as she would not be able to attend to the duties that would devolve upon her. A member will be appointed at the next meeting. Resolutions of respect were read by Sister Issie Cox on the death of Sister Bessie Town Delano.

An abbreviated literary program followed but it was interesting. The topic, "Trips about the country and what I have gained by experience and observation," was made very entertaining and instructive by Sisters Issie Cox, Zilpha Pratt, Lelia Watson, Leona Tubbs, Lucelia Merriam, Mary Oxnard and others. Report of standard feature committee present, corn and grain, Fred Lovejoy and Frank Gammon. This was followed by current events, and quotations.

Lecturer read program for next meeting, and announced that the first meeting in October, the 13th, will be devoted to our Goddesses, Pomona, Flora, and Ceres. The meeting of Oct. 24, Members Day; Meeting of Nov. 10, Young Peoples' Day.

The program for the meeting of Sept. 22 follows:

Opening Song, "As We Go Forth To Labor," Page 22, G. M.
Song, "Beautiful Grange That I Love," Grange Chorus
Topic, "The Grange as a training school for leadership," led by Edith Knightly, followed by general discussion
Song, selected, Brothers
Topic, "Pictures for the Home." Discussion led by Alice Frost, followed by Annie Brown, Addie Thurston and others.
A study of our local industries, an informal talk by J. A. Woodman, followed by general discussion
Music, Novel Brown
Song, selected by Chorister
Music, A. M. Dunham
Special feature, Maud Dunster, chairman; Irma Bean, W. C. Perry, Mary Perry.
What I have missed and what I have gained in Grange progress during the summer, General response

SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN.

CHURCH ACTIVITIES

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.

Morning service and sermon at 10.45. Sunday school at 12.

Evening service at 7. Topic for next Sunday, "Enjoying the World, God has given us; the joy of Living."

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Morning worship Sunday at 10.45. Sunday school at 12.

Christian Endeavor service Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Topic, "A Christian's Power," Mrs. Upton leader.

The Ladies' Club will meet with Mrs. William Rogers Chapman, Thursday afternoon at three o'clock. Mrs. Chapman extends a cordial invitation to all ladies of the parish and it is hoped that a large number will be present.

Mid-week service Tuesday evening at 7.30.

SEND THE CHILDREN TO SCHOOL.

State Superintendent Urges a Regular Attendance.

As a measure of present defence and for the future welfare of the country, as well as for the individual benefit of the children themselves, it is of the greatest importance that our schools be maintained in the highest standard of efficiency while our country is at war. To this end we are calling upon superintending school committees, superintendents, teachers and parents to join us in a campaign to conserve the usual standard of the schools of the State of Maine.

During 1916 our school enrollment included 152,470 pupils and it is our duty to sustain this record even in the present situation. If the attendance is reduced, the future strength of state and nation will be correspondingly impaired. During the early part of the term school officials should compare the attendance register with that of last year and with the census report, and if a falling off is revealed a special effort should be made to secure the usual number or even to increase it. Parents should not take advantage of the present situation and make it an excuse to seek to keep their children out of school, but should cooperate sympathetically with school authorities in their attempt to maintain the standard of the schools. It is important that children give prompt and regular attendance to school duties.

The normal schools and colleges should not be overlooked. I would urge all of the young people of the state, who can possibly do so, to find a way to continue their college courses. Should the war continue for some time as it may and the full strength of our resources be called into service, an education will prove a most valuable asset to those who are unfortunate in war. Not only as a selfish consideration, but as a patriotic duty, our young people should continue their education. We have faith that our boys in the trenches will make the world safe for democracy, but the schools of our country must see to it that that democracy so highly prized and so dearly bought be perpetuated.

However, our schools must bear their share of the present burden and we must adjust our programs in conformity with the needs of the times. The children of the schools may materially increase the man power in the channels of production; there should be no idle hands. It is important that the out of school hours be advantageously employed. Rather than an unwarranted delay in opening school this fall, we should adjust our program to earlier sessions or to part day classes in localities where the older children are needed in harvesting and in preserving the crop. School authorities and interested citizens should get together and plan a program which will prove most advantageous to the community.

There never was an opportunity such as the present affords to teach the rising generation in forceful manner the conservation of time, energy and materials and to engender lessons of thrift of enduring value. To the teachers of the state it becomes a duty to present the lessons of the hour in a manner which will secure the sympathetic cooperation of the children themselves.

After the schools are fairly open we may send to school offices for a comparison of the enrollment and attendance of the present with former years.

Very sincerely yours,
A. O. Thomas,
State Supt. of Public Schools.

The Citizen Office has a well equipped plant and solicits your printing.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE DEFEATED

Plurality Against More Than 2 to 1

By a vote of over 2 to 1 woman lost her chance to vote by the special election last Monday. Only one county, Knox, and two cities, Auburn and Rockland, went "Yes."

The latest returns give the plurality against woman suffrage of 17,115 out of a total vote of 55,659. The vote was 19,272 yes and 36,387 no. The final total is expected to reach 60,000, or exactly half of the referendum vote on the prohibitory law in 1911 and less than 50 per cent of the normal vote at state elections.

There was a margin of only 112 votes in favor of the amendment for apportionment of representatives to the Legislature in the event of the merger of towns or cities. The total was 17,541 to 17,429.

The proposed amendment to empower the Governor and Council to remove Sheriffs who failed to enforce the laws, and appoint their successors, was apparently carried, the plurality being 2,552 and gradually increasing. The vote was 23,773 to 21,221.

The propositions to divide towns into election districts and to amend the militia law seemed to have been defeated by at least 2500. The vote was: Polling places, 17,558 yes; 19,842 no; militia law, 16,426 yes, 18,982 no.

BETHEL'S VOTE.

Amd.	Yes	No
1	88	67
2	113	20
3	66	35
4	61	29
5	66	23

ENFORCEMENT OF INSPECTION LAW.

By A. M. G. Soule, Chief, Bureau of Inspection.

In order to avoid any misunderstanding which may exist as to the attitude of officials who are charged with the power and authority to enforce the laws regulating the sale of food products and other commodities, thus preventing adulteration and fraudulent practices, a brief statement at this time seems necessary. The Pure Food and Drug Law and other statutes regulating the same of commercial feeding stuffs, fertilizers, agricultural seeds and spraying materials were framed in behalf of the consumer. Just at this time when great stress is being placed on the subject of conservation of food, it seems absolutely necessary that the consumer should be protected, and with this end in view the enforcement of the Food and Drug Law should be prosecuted as vigorously as ever. Although there seems to be no disposition on the part of the dealers and manufacturers to adulterate or supply substitutes for any particular class of goods, the idea has gone forth and the opinion is being expressed that, owing to the great necessity for food and for conservation along all lines, the Department charged with the enforcement of the law should be less vigilant, but such is not the case as it would seem a great injustice to the honest dealer, as well as a step backward, to refrain from careful inspection and complete investigations as to the dispensing of food at the present time. Food, if sold under unclean and insanitary conditions, even at a reduction of price, is not economy, as the consumption of such food is liable to cause disease which means, necessarily, added expense to the consumer. So would the dispensing of adulterated and misbranded goods mean fraud. It is, of course, understood that the Department of Agriculture stands ready to assist and advise in every way possible, with the end in view of conserving every ounce of food for the use of the people of this state and to assist in producing food to feed our soldiers in the field and the allies; but charged as we are with the enforcement of the laws to prevent fraud, adulteration and sophistication, it will be the policy of the Department to be fully as active in the inspection of all commodities, as in normal times.

Maine Department of Agriculture,
J. A. Roberts, Commissioner.

Why not renew your subscription to The Country Gentleman through
CARL L. BROWN,
The Cattle Man,
BETHEL, MAINE.

BETHEL INN

Happenings of the Week

Mrs. Adrian Iselin of Yellow House, New Rochelle, N. Y., was a visitor at the Inn on Friday last.

On Saturday evening the usual two hours dancing was enjoyed by a merry party of guests and their friends. The cool evenings have made the dancing more popular and the attendance was large.

Mr. Burton Rose and Mr. Chas. L. Pollard have returned to the Inn for the winter. They have been in camp at Harrison, Maine, during the summer months.

Miss Dorothy Freeman has had a fine exhibition of water colors at the Inn for several days. She is very much pleased with Bethel and the surrounding country and hopes to return to do some work here.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Briggs and son of Scarsdale, N. Y., were overnight guests at the Inn on Sunday. They entertained at dinner Miss Maria Pease, who is an oldtime friend of the family.

Mr. John Craig, Jr., son of the well known actor, accompanied by Mr. Kenneth Merrick, stopped over at the Inn while on their way to Megantic for two weeks fishing. These young men have lately returned from France where they have been driving ambulances.

Mr. William Fuller is very busy these days getting his new home in condition. He expects a carload of his furniture to arrive from New York soon and will probably be settled by October first. We shall be very sorry to lose Mr. Fuller from the Inn as he has long been the centre of the social life here.

RED CROSS NOTES.

The articles which have been sent to headquarters have proven very satisfactory as will be seen by the following letter:

"We wish to thank you for your shipment of Hospital Garments and Supplies. They are most satisfactorily made, and we are very glad to receive them.

"Margaret G. Fiske,
"Red Cross Supply Service,
"142 Berkeley St.,
"Boston, Mass."

The Red Cross are to hold a dance in Grange Hall on Friday evening, Sept. 14, in order to get money to buy more yarn and supplies. The admission will be 10 cents and dancing 35 cents per couple. Music, piano and drums. Refreshments of sandwiches and coffee will be on sale.

If anyone would contribute some stove wood it would be greatly appreciated as the rooms are rather cool for the workers.

NAVY LEAGUE LAWN PARTY.

Messrs. Bingham and Upson request the presence of all those who are interested in knitting for the Navy League at a Patriotic Lawn Party to be held at Bethel Inn on Saturday, September 22nd, at three o'clock, P. M. Speech by Mr. Alton C. Wheeler. Music and refreshments.

If you will kindly send a postal to Bethel Inn signifying your intention of being present it will be sincerely appreciated.

NAVY LEAGUE.

The Navy League have moved their headquarters to Mr. Upson's Music Room with hours from 9.30 a. m. to 12 m. on Tuesday and Thursday; from 3 p. m. to 6 p. m. on Friday and Saturday. Miss Belle Purington is now in charge.

Another box of articles will be sent the last of this week and all who have articles completed are asked to send them in.

There is still need for knitted articles and yarn will be furnished to all who will help.

Mrs. Alice Jordan and Miss Alice Willis are attending the W. R. C. school of instruction at Biddeford.

Miss Lena Tibbetts, who has been spending several weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Tibbetts, returned to Gorham Normal School, Tuesday.

WANT COLUMN.

Put your Want and Sale notices here and they will be read in 3,000 Oxford County homes—4 lines, 1 week, 25c. 3 weeks 50c.

NOTICE.

I wish to announce to the people of Bethel and vicinity that I am prepared to do all kinds of plumbing and repair work at a reasonable price, also sheet metal work. All work carefully and promptly attended to.

ALBERT BURKE,
Bethel, Maine.
Telephones—Shop, 19—12; Res., 29—7

FURNISHED ROOMS
AUTO AND TEAM CONVEYANCE
C. C. BRYANT,
2 Mechanic Street, Bethel, Maine.
Telephone Connection.

School Shoes

A new and varied assortment of shoes for the girls and boys.

Stockings, Boston garters, laces, polishes, etc.

SHOE REPAIRING.

YOUNG'S SHOE STORE.
Phone 14-4.

DR. AUSTIN TENNEY, Oculist.

Practice limited to diseases of the Eye and the fitting of Glasses. Office at house of Clarence Hall, Bethel. Last Saturday of every month. All work guaranteed.

Office hours—8.00 A. M. to 4.00 P. M.

FOR SALE.

120 quart milk route, cart and bottles. Inquire of
E. J. STEARNS,
9-6-3t. Bethel, Maine.

AUTOMOBILISTS.

We wish to announce that we are prepared to do all kinds of automobile tire and tube vulcanizing and solicit your patronage.

BETHEL VULCANIZING CO.,
At Andrews' Garage, Bethel, Maine.
8-16-tf.

PIGS FOR SALE.

Five pure blooded White Chester pigs for sale. Inquire of
HERMAN MASON,
8-16-tf. Bethel, Maine.

BARRED ROCK PULLETS
WANTED—State age and price.
CITIZEN OFFICE,
Bethel, Maine.

HORSES FOR SALE.

1 pair black horses weighing 2400 pounds, sound and all right. Will sell for reasonable price.
M. H. LYDON,
8-30-3t-p. R. F. D. 3, Bethel, Me.

FOUND.

On the North Newry road an over coat. The owner can have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement.
C. C. BRYANT,
9-13 Bethel, Maine.

LIBRARY MEETING.

A special meeting of the trustees will be held at Mrs. Straw's next Monday evening for the purpose of selecting new books. Patrons are requested to send in their list of books by Saturday.

THURSDAY CLOSING TO CONTINUE.

The merchants of Bethel village have decided to continue the closing of their stores on Thursday afternoons until further notice.

COMPARE OUR PRICES

A fresh shipment of Huston's Cookies enables us to offer them at lower prices than you can find elsewhere.

Saltines,	2lbs., 45c
Grahams,	2lbs., 35c
Fig Newton,	2lbs., 35c
Ginger Snaps,	2lbs., 30c
Hermits,	2lbs., 35c
Fluted Cocoanut,	2lbs., 35c
Mol. Cartwheels,	2lbs., 35c

And 9 others at equally low prices.

BETHEL FRUIT STORE

THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY FRED B. MERRILL.

BETHEL, MAINE.

Subscription $1.50 per year in advance. If not paid in advance $2.00 will be charged.

Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1908 at the post office at Bethel, Maine.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1917.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
(Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

NORWAY

The new post office was open for public inspection Friday evening. Norway can boast one of the best offices for its size in the state, up to date in every respect. The screen is of solid oak, and contains 570 metal boxes, all with combination locks; separate windows for postal savings, money orders and registered letters, stamps and general delivery, and parcel post. Within the enclosure is every device to assist the clerks, city delivery carriers, and R. F. D. men in the quick handling of mails. Among the accessories is an oak writing desk, typewriter desk, a large and convenient safe, innumerable cases of drawers in addition to the regulation fixtures, individual lockers, a lavatory with hot and cold water. A large writing desk for the public occupies the front window and a private office for the postmaster is fitted with a roll top desk etc. The office is finished with steel ceiling in white and is steam heated. There is 1800 sq. ft. of working space. Saturday morning found the force at work in their new quarters.

Superintendent True C. Morrill with the approval of the school board has decided on a plan for semi-annual promotions in the High school and the grades. It provided for the more rapid advancement of the most proficient pupils, and gives those who fail of promotion a chance to make good in a half year's work, whereas the annual promotion causes a whole year's work to be gone over. The Norway school will be among the first in the state to adopt the new plan, which has been adopted in many other states, and has worked out advantageously wherever tried out. The number of pupils to register this fall breaks all previous records.

The regular trips of the boats on the lake have been discontinued for the season.

The following names have been drawn for jury men at the October term of the Supreme Judicial court at South Paris: Grand Jury, Oscar N. Cox; traverse jury, Harry A. Spiller, Edwin S. Abbott.

Miss Maude Ellen Pike has returned to Brevard, North Carolina, where she is director of music in the Brevard Institute.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Longley and children have been enjoying a few days' stay at their summer home in Raymond.

Mrs. Frank Barker and young son, Edwin, returned to their home in Fitchburg, Mass., Saturday. Her father, Otis Schnuer, returned with her to spend the winter with her and her sister, Mrs. Harlow Adkins.

Mrs. Emma Mann went to Wellaston, Mass., Saturday, for several weeks, to visit her daughter, Mrs. Bertha Peterson, and young daughter, Hope Anatalie. Adna Mann of West Paris accompanied her, as Mrs. Mann has been with Mrs. Peterson for several weeks. Mrs. Rose Needham will keep house for Maford Mann while his mother is away.

Prof. and Mrs. Verne M. Whitman and son, Victor, who have been spending the summer at their cottage, "Sunset," at the Lake, returned to their home in Laconia, N. H., Tuesday.

Miss Marion True returned to Boston, Wednesday, after visiting her parents over the week end and holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Ridlon spent a few days in Portland, Saco and Old Orchard the past week.

Hugh Pendexter, Jr., and Leslie Gibson, graduates of N. H. S., '17, will enter Bowdoin College this fall. Otis N. Jones is to enter the Staunton Military Academy at Staunton, Va., and expected to leave Norway about the 20th.

Mrs. Jones N. Favor and three children, Henry, Mary and Sam, went Saturday morning to Augusta, where they will visit Mrs. Favor's sisters, Mrs. Charles Andrews and Mrs. Florence Hall.

Earl Thibodeau, principal of the High school at Norton, Mass., has returned to his school after spending his vacation with his father and sister, Thomas and Miss Tessa Thibodeau.

Win Kimball returned to New Bedford, Mass., by auto the first of the week, having spent several weeks of his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kimball, Cottage street. Mr. Kimball has been appointed on the permanent list of faculty, teaching mechanics, electricity, heat, light and sound, also being appointed supervisor of the X-ray work and wireless telegraphy.

Philip Young, who has been employed at the Seaside Drug store during the summer, has returned to his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Freeland Young.

Mrs. Charlotte Grant and son, Roger, of Freeport are the guests of Mrs. Walter S. Chandler and family.

Mrs. E. R. Topham of Toronto, Ont., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. H. W. Brown. Before returning to her home she will visit her father and brother, Samuel and Fred Moore, at Gilead.

Miss Esther Hutchins has been visiting her grandparents in Exeter, N. H., for the past two weeks.

Francis Swett left Thursday for Boston, where he has a position in Tuft's Medical school, teaching in the pre-medical or preparatory work.

Mrs. William Cash has been packing her household goods and expected to leave for Portsmouth, N. H., Saturday, where Mr. Cash has work in the Navy Yard.

Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Lovering and son of Wakefield, Mass., were recent guests of Mr. Lovering's uncle, A. T. Bennett, and family.

Mrs. Lucella E. Merriam, who has been visiting her nieces, Mrs. Arthur Alley in Auburn, and Mrs. J. M. Pike in Rangeley, has returned to her home.

Mrs. Flora K. Stearns is caring for Miss Lillie York.

Miss Annie Hamlin, who has been spending the month of August at her home in South Waterford, has returned to Norway, and the dressmaking rooms of Brown & Buck's have been opened.

Miss Lena Buck of Nebraska, who has been spending the summer at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Buck, North Norway, is visiting her brother, Albion L. Buck and family.

WILSON'S MILLS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hart, Willie Adams and J. F. Hart went to Errol, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Newell Littlehale are visiting their daughter, Mrs. J. W. Bucknam.

Mr. Charles Gain, who has been working for J. W. Bucknam this summer, has moved his wife and three small sons from Fryeburg, Me., into the George Nason rent.

Verna Pennock has gone back to her grandmother's, Mrs. Hugh Hoyt, after a ten days' visit at her cousin's, Joseph Hart's.

E. S. Bennett came down from the lakes, Thursday, and Friday heard a trial at H. W. Pickett's of a party for killing deer.

W. A. Cobb and daughter went to Lewiston, Thursday, to carry his nephew, Gerald Dunn, who has been spending his summer vacation at Aziscoos Dam.

Mr. and Mrs. Fawne Littlehale were down from their camp, Bosbuck Lodge, Friday to attend the K. of P. ball at Errol.

Mrs. Clyde Ripley went to Magalloway Plantation, Saturday, where she will teach the school this winter.

Leon Bennett has gone to Bath, Me., where he was to have been married, Sept. 3rd, to the young lady who taught school here last winter, Miss Gertrude Allinson. He has bought the Aziscoos House and expects to take possession of it the first of October.

Our school commenced Sept. 10 with Miss Jennie McBain of Allston, Mass., as teacher.

A large number of people from this town attended the K. of P. ball at Errol, Friday, Sept. 7th.

S. W. Bennett went to Errol, Wednesday, on his way to "Saltaire Lodge," on the Umbagog Lake.

Mrs. Clinton Bennett is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Cameron, at Wentworth Location, while her husband is at Parmachenee Lake guiding.

MASON.

Misses Elsie and Amy Garey, who have been visiting their sister, Mrs. Eli Grover, have returned to their home in West Sumner.

School commenced Monday with Miss Marjorie Jordan of Bryant's Pond as teacher.

Marshall Hastings of Bethel was in town, Sunday.

E. H. Morrill and son, Guy, went to Andover, Saturday.

Mrs. Eli Grover and children visited relatives in Bethel, Saturday.

THE BANK of SAFETY and SERVICE

ORGANIZED 1906

Persistency in Business

Prudent men work persistently for more business—and work of such character always brings its reward, whether in time of peace or war.

The Paris Trust Company has every modern facility at your service and cordially invites your checking account.

PERLEY F. RIPLEY, Pres., ALTON C. WHEELER, Vice-Pres.
J. HASTINGS BEAN, Sec., IRVING O. BARROWS, Treas.

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PARIS TRUST COMPANY
SOUTH PARIS, MAINE
BRANCH BANK AT BUCKFIELD ME.
PAYS INTEREST ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

"Safety First" For Automobile Owners.

MR. CAR OWNER:—

Now that you are thinking about how soon you can get your car out for the 1917 season is the time for you to think about placing **INSURANCE FOR THAT CAR.**

PROTECT YOURSELF AGAINST LOSS of your car by **FIRE, LIGHTNING & THEFT.** Our policies cover the car at all times wherever it may be, on the road, or in any building in this country or Canada.

PROTECT YOURSELF against possible suits for personal injury, damage to property of others, and damage to your own car by collision, by a **LIABILITY, PROPERTY DAMAGE, and COLLISION** policy.

WE HAVE THE COMPANIES! THEY ARE THE BEST

YOU HAVE THE CAR, AND YOURS IS THE LIABILITY. WE'LL RELIEVE YOU OF THE LIABILITY, and it won't be necessary for you to turn the car in to pay the premium either. THE RATES ARE REASONABLE.

Write or phone, giving make of car, model year, number, and purposes for which car is used, and we will gladly quote you rates.

DO IT NOW.

STUART W. GOODWIN
NORWAY Insurance MAINE

The Home Circle

Pleasant Reveries—A Colum[n] Dedicated to Tired Mothers as they join the Home Circle at Evening Tide

HABITS.

Flora Williams Wood.

Habits cling to us like a growt[h] fungi to an oak. We grow to [...] we anticipate. If we anticipate [...] we will be unhappy, and old be[...] our time, that prophecy is very ap[t to] be fulfilled, simply because thin[king] it so, helps to make it inevitable. [...] optimism is a gift of Psychology, [...] hope and inspiration are found in [...] Bible. Some of us get in the habi[t of] reading the Bible, others get the [hab]it of moping, distrusting, disbeliev[ing] until life becomes a burden to t[...] instead of a pleasure. We get [...] habit of certain dress, certain h[...] of doing certain things. We often [be]come so habitual in our make-up, a[...] be an all around pest, that is, if [...] habits are not good ones, for, if [...] are bad, the world is seldom toler[...] People with good habits always [...] a welcome place. We should take [...] of our habits for the very reason [...] are of slow growth and seldom no[tice]able, until we become a victim to [...] faults, either good or bad. We ge[t] the habit of lying in bed in the m[orn]ing or rising early, retiring early [...] late. We also get in the habit [...] strong drinks and other dissipat[...] and it is much easier to nip in the [...] these habits, than to try to get ri[d of] them when they have become al[...] second nature to us. We get the h[abit] of becoming a recluse, of being [...]ish, of contradicting, and misrepres[ent]ing, and a thousand other little th[ings] I might mention, until we find our [per]sonality altogether changed, perh[aps] far from what the Creator inten[ded] us to be. We should then be very c[are]ful of our habits, since they mould [...] character for either good or bad.

Worst of all, we are apt to be c[are]less in the habit of our dress, for[get]ting that it always pays to be [...] groomed, although there may not [...] another person within a radius of [...]ty miles to see us. We feel bette[r] we are clean. To be well groo[med] does not always mean fashionable [at]tire, but cleanliness for the most p[art]. There is no excuse for a person b[eing] untidy unless a helpless invalid, and [...] habit of being just a little partic[ular] —not painfully so—demands res[pect] every time. If we are clean in [...] habits morally and physically, we [ap]pear at a better advantage everywh[ere] and neatness is always a recomm[...] for us, and speaks plainer than wo[rds]. Many good positions are obtained [...] this badge of self respect. Habits [...] essential and non-essential. Let us [...] mistake the two kinds. Essen[...]

ROOFING-ROOFING-ROOFING

This week owing to the arrival of a large car of NEPONSET products, the result of making a contract to handle this stock, we are going to make good our promise to you to watch this space for the best trade in Roofing to be had in this vicinity.

When you purchase a suit of clothes, quality and price determine your purchase, then why should you not be as particular in selecting your Roofing which for twenty-four hours in the day, day in and day out, year in and year out, is openly exposed to the changeable weather.

If these are facts we will give you the answer:

Buy Paroid Roofing
The only Roofing having a record of eighteen years.

And it is here in large quantities for your inspection. The Oxford Electric Company have a roof covered with the Light fourteen years ago and is still in fine condition. It you want the best, it is Paroid. If you want a medium grade we have that, if you want a cheap grade we have that too, all of which we will be pleased to have you inspect and compare quality and price with any offered by other dealers.

The Perfect Shingles

The word "perfect" is a much-abused term, but it is the one word that describes Neponset Twin Shingles. They *are* the perfect shingles. They embody everything you want and need in a shingle—good looks, lasting wear, fire-resistance and economy.

If you come in today and let us show you these beautiful

NEPONSET TWIN SHINGLES

you'll agree that they are the perfect shingles. Neponset Twin Shingles are made of felt, asphalt and crushed rock pressed into one inseparable mass and surfaced with red or green crushed slate—they look like slate but cost less

Whether you plan to build or repair now or later come in and see "The Roofing Development of the Twentieth Century."

This Tells the Story

NEPONSET PRODUCTS

Neponset Paroid, Heavy	$ 3.25
Neponset Paroid, Light	2.75
Neponset Universal, 1 Ply	1.25
Neponset Universal, 2 Ply	1.60
Neponset Universal, 3 Ply	2.00
Twin Ashfalt Shingles	6.50
Wall Board, Cream White	30.00
Quartered Oak Wall Board	32.50
Battens per 100 feet	1.25
Sheathing Paper	1.15

Freight allowed on Roofing to Bethel on orders of 5 Rolls or more.

Barretts Tarred Felt 3c per pound.
Red Cedar Shingles, Extra, $5.50.
Red Cedar "A" Shingles $4.75.
2d Clear White Cedar Shingles $3.50.

These are bundled 25 courses to the thousand instead of 23 for White Cedar. Costs much less to lay them, contains wide ones, making the cost actually less than White Cedar, not to take into consideration the durability.

CHAS. G. BLAKE

NORWAY, OFFICE AND YARD, DEPOT SQUARE, MAINE

Too S[...]
R[...]

Many Women i[...] gain Health [...] Pinkham's Ve[...]

Convincing [...]

Ridgway[...] trouble with[...] seven month[...] was treated[...] getting disco[...] how Lydia E[...] helped her. [...] health, so I [...] not light as[...] —Mrs. O. M[...]

Mrs. Lindsey Now[...]

Tennille, Ga.—"I want to [...] by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegeta[ble] [...] got in such a low state of healt[h] [...] the family. I had dull, tired, d[...] all the time and could scarcel[y] [...] severe case of ulceration and[...] be an invalid, but I told him I[...] advised my husband to get Ly[...] and it has entirely cured me. [...] in the garden some, too. I am[...] as though it saved my life a[...] they have been benefited".—M[...]

If you want special advic[e] [...]cine Co. (confidential) Lynn[...] read and answered by a wo[...]

The Home Circle

Pleasant Reveries—A Column Dedicated to Tired Mothers as they Join the Home Circle at Evening Tide

HABITS.

Flora Williams Wood.

Habits cling to us like a growth of fungi to an oak. We grow to what we anticipate. If we anticipate that we will be unhappy, and old before our time, that prophecy is very apt to be fulfilled, simply because thinking it so, helps to make it inevitable. All optimism is a gift of Psychology, that hope and inspiration are found in the Bible. Some of us get in the habit of reading the Bible, others get the habit of moping, distrusting, disbelieving, until life becomes a burden to them instead of a pleasure. We get the habit of certain dress, certain hours of doing certain things. We often become so habitual in our make-up, as to be an all around pest, that is, if our habits are not good ones, for, if they are bad, the world is seldom tolerant. People with good habits always find a welcome place. We should take heed of our habits for the very reason they are of slow growth and seldom noticeable, until we become a victim to our faults, either good or bad. We get in the habit of lying in bed in the morning or rising early, retiring early or late. We also get in the habit of strong drinks and other dissipation, and it is much easier to nip in the bud these habits, than to try to get rid of them when they have become almost second nature to us. We get the habit of becoming a recluse, of being selfish, of contradicting, and misrepresenting, and a thousand other little things I might mention, until we find our personality altogether changed, perhaps far from what the Creator intended us to be. We should then be very careful of our habits, since they mould our character for either good or bad.

Worst of all, we are apt to be careless in the habit of our dress, forgetting that it always pays to be well groomed, although there may not be another person within a radius of forty miles to see us. We feel better if we are clean. To be well groomed does not always mean fashionable attire, but cleanliness for the most part. There is no excuse for a person being untidy unless a helpless invalid, and the habit of being just a little particular—not painfully so—demands respect every time. If we are clean in our habits morally and physically, we appear at a better advantage everywhere, and neatness is always a recommend for us, and speaks plainer than words. Many good positions are obtained by this badge of self respect. Habits are essential and non-essential. Let us not mistake the two kinds. Essential, when they exceed to our daily growth, non-essential, when they impede our destiny. The dictionary defines "Habits" as "a fixed or established custom," then we should be careful how we establish ourselves. We do not care to be fixed along certain purposes from which there is no bending. Fixed ideas are often very good, but too often fixed ideas give us the poise of statuary, yet, often susceptibility is a characteristic habit. How careful should we be not to become inveterate from the consequence of habit, so much so as to dwell within an empty hive. Any custom without rule or order, is not the best company. What a careful study we should then make of ourselves, that from any force of habit we become other than what we are. A good estimation of those things which are best for us, the ways of living, feeling and acting, and the consequence of any customary habit which tends to make or mar the natural tendency toward the best in us, and to be ever watchful of those practices which make us either willing or unwilling habitues in our soul's abode, is worth some thought at least.

* * *

CHOICE PICKLES.

The following are choice recipes selected from those used by practical homemakers. They have been tested many times and proved entirely satisfactory. Always use firm, fresh fruit or vegetables, and when they are abundant and in a perfect state of development. Purchase the best apple vinegar; good pickles depend on good vinegar. Procure new rubber rings for the jars and use porcelain or enamel kettles.

Piccalilli.—Chop fine one peck of green tomatoes and eight large onions, stir in one small cup of salt. Let stand over night, and in the morning drain off all the liquor. Pour over the vegetables three quarts of water, let come to a boil and drain through a colander. Place it back in the kettle, pour over it two quarts of vinegar, one pound of sugar, half a pound of white mustard seed, one teaspoonful of pepper, two of cinnamon, one of cloves, two of ginger, one of allspice and a fourth of a teaspoonful of cayenne pepper; boil ten minutes and seal in glass jars.

Cucumber Pickles.—For one gallon of small cucumbers make a brine that will bear up an egg; heat it boiling hot and pour it over the cucumbers; let them stand twenty-four hours, then wipe dry; heat some vinegar boiling hot, pour over them and let stand twenty-four hours. Pour off this vinegar and add to fresh vinegar, one cup of brown sugar, a teaspoonful mustard seed, the same amount of whole cloves and broken cinnamon bark, a very small piece of alum and a tablespoonful of celery seed; heat to the boiling point, pour over the cucumbers and seal tight.

Green Tomato Pickles.—Wash and slice without peeling one peck of small, sound, green tomatoes, place them in jars in layers with a slight sprinkling of salt between. Let stand over night; in the morning drain off all the liquor. Add to three pints of good apple vinegar one cup of sugar, tablespoonful of broken cinnamon bark, teaspoonful of cloves and of mustard. Boil vinegar and spices five minutes and pour on hot. Seal tight. A small piece of alum and horse-radish root will improve pickles.

Pickled Beets.—Cook twelve small beets until done. To two cups of vinegar add half cup of sugar, one-half teaspoonful of celery seed, the same amount of broken cinnamon bark and whole cloves, a little salt. Peel the beets and place them in the fruit jar while hot, boil the vinegar with the spices and pour over the beets. Seal tight.

Green Pepper Mangoes.—Select firm, sound, green or red peppers; with a sharp knife remove the top, take out the seed, soak over night in salt water, then fill with chopped cabbage and green tomatoes, seasoned with salt, mustard seed, cloves and cinnamon. Sew on the tops. Add a cup of sugar to each gallon of vinegar used, boil and pour over the mangoes. Pour off the vinegar and boil for three mornings, then seal. Small green musk melons can be pickled in the same manner.

Too Sick To Work

Many Women in this Condition Regain Health by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Convincing Proof of This Fact.

Ridgway, Penn. — "I suffered from female trouble with backache and pain in my side for over seven months so I could not do any of my work. I was treated by three different doctors and was getting discouraged when my sister-in-law told me how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had helped her. I decided to try it, and it restored my health, so I now do all of my housework which is not light as I have a little boy three years old." —Mrs. O. M. Rhines, Ridgway, Penn.

Mrs. Lindsey Now Keeps House For Seven.

Tennille, Ga.—"I want to tell you how much I have been benefited by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. About eight years ago I got in such a low state of health I was unable to keep house for three in the family. I had dull, tired, dizzy feelings, cold feet and hands nearly all the time and could scarcely sleep at all. The doctor said I had a severe case of ulceration and without an operation I would always be an invalid, but I told him I wanted to wait awhile. Our druggist advised my husband to get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it has entirely cured me. Now I keep house for seven and work in the garden some, too. I am so thankful I got this medicine. I feel as though it saved my life and have recommended it to others and they have been benefited".—Mrs. W. E. Lindsey, R. R. 3, Tennille, Ga.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

SUGAR PRODUCTION, IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Big Increase in Imports from Virgin Islands.

The receipts of sugar into the United States amounted to $7,472,728,006 pounds valued at $347,674,625 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1917, against 7,020,085,068 pounds valued at $308,-986,793 in 1916, the high record year, and 6,822,825,102 pounds valued at $155,077,126 in 1914. While the quantity received in 1917 shows an increase of 9½% over 1914, the value increased 124%, the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, announces.

Of the total arrivals of sugar in 1917, 5,332,745,854 pounds valued at $230,945,694 came from foreign countries, 1,162,605,056 pounds valued at $62,741,164 from Hawaii and 977,377,-966 pounds valued at 53,987,767 from Porto Rico. Of the 5 1-3 billion pounds imported in 1917 from foreign countries 4,669,097,398 pounds came from Cuba, 114,367,301 pounds from the Dominican Republic, 158,107,460 pounds from South American countries, 267,-891,954 pounds from the Philippine Islands, 26,406,776 pounds from our recently purchased territory of the Virgin Islands, formerly Danish West Indies, 21,885,000 pounds from Japan, and lesser amounts from other countries.

The imports from the Virgin Islands and Japan show remarkable increases when compared with previous years. There were no imports of sugar from the Virgin Islands in 1916, and the total imports from these islands in the five fiscal years 1912-1916 amounted to 25,912,546 pounds, ½ million pounds less than the quantity for 1917. In 1916 the imports of sugar from Japan were 6,410 pounds, and only 26,410 pounds for the five years 1912-1916, against 21,885,000 pounds in 1917. The imports of sugar from the Dutch East Indies, which amounted to 340 1-3 million pounds in 1912, fell to 21,813 pounds in 1917. The imports of beet sugar for 1917 were only 28,847 pounds.

The production of sugar in the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1917, is estimated at 2,267,-251,840 pounds, of which 621,799,360 pounds were cane and 1,645,452,480 pounds beet sugar. This production with the imports from foreign countries and receipts from noncontiguous territories would make the sugar available in the markets of the United States amount to 9,739,930,746 pounds. Of this amount 1,216,840,336 pounds valued at $77,066,603 were exported as domestic refined sugar, 5,711,344 pounds valued at $234,375 were re-exports of sugar in the condition in which imported, and the shipments to noncontiguous territories amounted to 19,329,532 pounds, valued at $1,430,-741. Deducting these shipments from the receipts and production would show 8,466,069,531 pounds as retained in the United States, an average of 81 pounds per capita, against 7,960,-562,762 pounds, an average of 78 pounds per capita in 1916, and 5,793,-791,928 pounds, an average of 80 pounds per capita in 1914.

The average price of imported sugar in 1914 was 2.61 cents per pound; in 1915, 3.2 cents per pound; in 1916, 3.4 cents per pound; and in 1917, 4.8 cents per pound, an increase of 112% in three years. The average price of sugar from Hawaii was 3 cents in 1914 and 5.4 cents in 1917; from Porto Rico the average price was 3.1 cents in 1914 and 5.5 cents in 1917. Refined sugar exported averaged 5.5 cents per pound in 1916 against 6.3 cents in 1917.

Each cloud has of silver a lining,
Though we may not see its light;
The sun has not ceased in its shining,
Though hidden awhile from our sight.

CANTON

Harold Walker and daughter, Alice, of Woolwich have been guests of his grandmother, Mrs. Mary French, and daughter.

Mrs. Martha A. Hathaway and daughter, Mrs. Charles Williams, and little son left Thursday for their home in Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Emery Parsons of Hartford are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Fred Gates, of Haverhill, Mass.

Mrs. Dora T. Chase of Portland is a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Thompson and daughter of Pleasant street.

Miss Mabel J. Goding has gone to Bartlett, N. H., to teach school.

The corn factory started up operations last Saturday.

Mrs. Wm. O. Hayden and brother, Donald Adams, have been guests the past week of their uncle, Charles W. Adams, of East Wilton.

Miss Nina Russell of Portland is at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Russell.

The Misses Clara and Annie Barnes and Miss Elizabeth Holmes of Plymouth, Mass., are guests for two weeks at the home of Chas. E. Richardson.

The schools in Canton will open Sept. 17th.

A meeting of doctors was held at the residence of Dr. F. W. Morse, Thursday, Sept. 6th, to raise the medical fee table. Drs. J. S. Sturtevant and and J. M. Sturtevant of Dixfield, F. W. Morse and R. W. Bicknell of Canton, H. F. Atwood and H. E. Doughty of Buckfield were present. It was decided to make the fee for a day visit in the village from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m., $1.50, and the fee for a night visit after 7 p. m., $2.50. Other fees were somewhat increased. The new table goes into effect Oct. 1, 1917.

At the annual meeting of Whitney Lodge, F. & A. M., held Thursday evening the following officers were elected: M., Geo. Rose; S. W., Almon Poland; J. W., Herman Childs; Sec., A. F. Russell, Jr.; Treas., Frank M. Oliver; S. D., Arthur Tirrell; J. D., James Davis; Finance Committee, Herman Childs, Dana Yates, Caleb E. Mendall.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Oldham have been on a visit to South Paris, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. B. Russell. The four enjoyed an auto trip to the White Mountains.

Mary I. Richardson commenced teaching school at North Turner this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bicknell have been guests of relatives at Lewiston.

Miss Cora Benson of Brockton, Mass., has been a guest of Mrs. Evie B. York and is now visiting her cousin, Horace Bartlett, of Hartford.

Alvin S. Morse, who has kept a grocery store in Canton for the past year, is closing out his business, and will go this week to Dover, N. H., to teach school. His family will remain here for the present.

Mrs. Robert Huse of New Jersey gave a very able and convincing address at the Opera House, Saturday evening on equal suffrage. Mrs. Huse is a distinguished, intellectual woman and a charming speaker, and those who had the good fortune to hear her Saturday evening received much good. Mrs. Huse was introduced by H. E. Patterson.

A crew of men are at work on the new foot bridge in Canton village and work on the new concrete bridge will soon commence.

The Pine Tree Club will hold its first meeting for the season next Saturday with Mrs. Marion A. Smith.

A party from this town attended the presentation of "The Old Peabody Pew" at East Sumner last week and report an excellent time.

Evergreen Chapter will resume its meetings this week after the summer vacation.

Arthur O. Hayes of Richmond was a Sunday guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Erastus Hayes.

The Relief Corps is planning to raise $25 for purchasing knitting yarn for the sailors. A supper will soon be held to help raise the amount.

Evangelistic services will be held each night this week at the United Baptist church under the direction of Mrs. Gerald Benney.

Mrs. M. A. Smith went on a picnic with a gathering of relatives at Screw Auger Falls, Sunday. Her sister, Miss Lida Abbott, returned with her for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Stevens of Portland are enjoying a vacation at the cottage of H. T. Tirrell by the lake.

Mrs. Marion Smith, Donald Benney, Mrs. M. J. Childs and Mrs. Cora Fuller, attended Chautauqua at Rumford last week.

Lillian Ellis has been assisting in the care of her grandmother, Mrs. Hitcock, of Farmington.

Mr. and Mrs. John Towle have moved from Sydney to Canton.

BLUE STORES

We Can Show You Many New Styles of

Fall Clothing

Our advice is to purchase your wants early. Everyone knows prices keep mounting higher and higher. Good goods grow harder and harder to get. Once more our early cash buying gives us an opportunity to protect our customers from the excessive high prices.

We are holding our qualities up, our prices down.

Come and See

Our New Suits & Furnishings for Men and Boys.

FALL HATS AND CAPS.

F. H. NOYES CO.

NORWAY — 2 Stores — SOUTH PARIS

Splendid Bargains in Shoes

We still have some great bargains left from our Summer Sale. Here are some of them. Read Carefully.

Lot No. 1. Men's Vici Kid Bals and Blucher, wide toe. Worth $6.50 or $7.00. A few of them left for $4.50.

Lot No. 2. Men's Russia Calf Bals, this is a narrow toe designed for young men. The style is right. Sizes 6, 6½, 8, 8½ and 9. They are worth $7.00. Our price now is $4.50.

Lot No. 3. Men's Calf Bals, same style as Lot No. 2. Sizes 5, 5½, 6, 6½, 7½, 8 and 9. Worth $6.50 or $7.00, now $4.00.

Lot No. 4. Mixed lot Men's Calf and Vici Blucher. Sizes 6, 6½, 7, 8, 8½ and 9. Worth $6.00, now $4.00.

Lot No. 5. Men's Calf Bals, Duflex sole, Walk-Over. Sizes 7½, 8 and 8½. Worth $6.00, now $4.00.

Lot No. 6. Men's Dark Brown Oxfords. All sizes 6 to 9. Worth $7.00, now $4.50.

Lot No. 7. Mixed lot Men's Calf and Russia Calf Oxfords, Duflex sole. Sizes 5, 5½, 6, 6½, 7 and 7½. Worth $6.00, now $4.00.

Also many other small lots of men's shoes at these same low prices. Ask to see them.

Lot No. 8. Women's Mouse Kid Polish, 9 inch cloth top. All sizes 2½ to 6, C and D wide. Regular price $6.50, now $4.50.

Lot No. 9. Women's Patent Vamp, White Kid Top, 8 inch boots. Sizes 2½, 3½, 4½, 5, 5½ and 6. Were $5.50, worth $6.50 or $7.00, now $3.75.

Lot No. 10. Women's Brown Russia Calf Vamp, White Kid Top, Low Heel, Button, 8 inch. All sizes from 2½ to 5½. Worth $6.50, now $3.75.

Lot No. 11. Women's Black Vamp, Cloth Top, 9 inch lace. All sizes 3 to 6, C and D wide. Were $5.00, worth $6.00, now $3.75.

Lot No. 12. Mixed lot Women's Button and Lace Boots, nearly all sizes from 2½ to 6. These boots are worth today from $6.00 to $7.00, now $2.50 and $3.00.

Lot No. 13. 160 Pairs Women's Boots, a mixed lot of button and lace. They are worth from $3.50 to $5.00, now $2.25.

Lot No. 14. A mixed lot of Women's Pumps, nearly all sizes. Worth from $3.00 to $4.00, now $2.00 and $2.25.

And we have many more small lots of Ladies' Boots and Pumps at these same low prices. These prices will continue until goods are sold, but many of these lots are small and will soon be sold.

E. N. SWETT SHOE CO.

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK, TELEPHONE 38-2

NORWAY, MAINE

We pay postage on all mail orders.

NEWRY.

The most of the farmers have finished haying.

W. N. Powers was at Sunday River last Sunday.

Elmer Bean of Bethel visited at F. I. French's last Saturday and Sunday.

W. H. Bond was called to New York on business last Tuesday.

LOCKE'S MILLS.

The funeral of Mrs. Charles Reed was held at the Union church, Monday at two o'clock. She passed away at Hanover, Saturday, after a lingering illness.

Mrs. A. J. Rowe of Lewiston and Mrs. A. L. Kittridge and family of Portland have been enjoying a week at Camp Comfort.

Mrs. E. L. Tebbets of Auburn is visiting her son, Charles, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. James King are visiting with relatives in Portland and Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Brown and children of Berlin, N. H., were guests of his sister, Mrs. Ralph King, a few days last week.

Mrs. Lester Tebbets is visiting her husband at camp at Westfield, Mass.

Mrs. Charles Herrick of Norway was a guest of relatives in town last week.

King Bartlett and family entertained company from away, Sunday.

C. B. Tebbets, Mrs. E. L. Tebbets and Fred Morton motored to Westfield, Mass., Sunday, to see Lester Tebbets.

Some donkeys have long ears and some others are addicted to the silk underwear habit.

New Fall Styles
Suits, Coats, Dresses, Skirts and Shirt Waists

An interesting assortment to show you. The exhibition is more than pleasing. It is more than attractive because it gives the first hint of the new styles and colorings and in the face of the unusually high cost of materials, you will find prices particularly attractive.

Women's Fashionable Fall Suits

Here are suits that express the fashion's idea in every detail—garments that represent the last word in fashion demands. The coats are long, mostly with large collar, the skirt has shirring that helps make the suit particularly attractive.

WOOL POPLIN SUITS, $19.75, an unusually good value.

OTHER SUITS $22.45, $24.75, $32.45.

Advance Fall Coats

in unusual values for motoring and general wear. Have you given thought to the wisdom of early choosing of a coat? A very good reason for buying early may be gained from the experience we had during the last few weeks. Since we purchased this splendid assortment the manufacturer has advanced the price from $2.50 to $5.00 on a garment. We feel that we are saving you this amount on these stunning coats.

WOOLTEX COATS, $19.75, $22.45, $24.75, $27.45, $34.75, $37.45.

OTHER COATS, $14.95, 16.45, $19.75, $22.45, $24.75.

Dress Skirts of Quality

Choosing a separate skirt at this store brings to you the assurance that it is in the correct style. We have a large number of new smart styles just arrived from the best makers.

SKIRTS for $3.95, $5.95, $6.75, grey and brown mixtures in a number of attractive styles.

DRESS SKIRTS $4.95, $5.95, $6.75, of Poplin and Serges in a good variety of styles.

New Dressy Waists

The new fall waists are particularly smart and attractive, and even though quite a number are simple in design there are others that show a distinct getting away from the styles of the past season.

JAP SILK WAISTS, $1.98, washable, in white, peach, maize, and flesh, in a large number of styles.

FRENCH VOILES, $1.98, $2.95, in several styles beautifully trimmed.

CREPE DE CHENE WAISTS, $2.90, $4.90, in maize, flesh, and white. Some are beautifully trimmed with frills with laces.

Children's Coats 6 to 14 years

in a wide range of styles in thick, warm materials with large collars.

COATS for $5.95, $7.45, $8.45, $9.95, $12.45.

Quality is Absolutely Essential to Secure Glove Satisfaction

The quality test applies to any glove whether for dress, for warmth, or for protection to your hands, and it is because we are so firmly convinced that a glove to give satisfaction MUST POSSESS QUALITY FIRST that we purchase our gloves only from manufacturers who have a reputation to sustain in the quality and character of gloves which bear their brand.

NEW FALL GLOVES, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50.

Make this store your headquarters during the Fair, leave your bundles, meet your friends, use our telephone.

Just a word about early buying. There is a great pleasure in having the new styles when they are new and being among the first to wear them, and being ready for the autumn day.

BROWN, BUCK & CO.

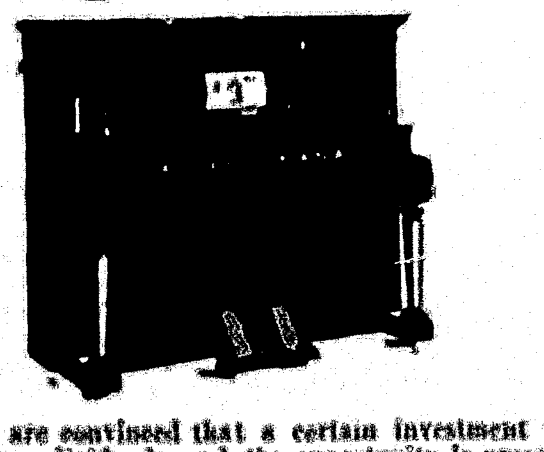
Norway, Maine

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Batchelder of Portland, Mr. Eldridge Gammon and daughter, Mr. Elgar Dunn of Norway, Dr. Harry Nutter of Winchester, Mass., were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Douglass.

Miss Adelaide Bassell was the guest of relatives at Bryant's Pond, Friday.

Mrs. Arthur Douglass spent several days at her home in Norway last week.

Buy It Now



When you are convinced that a certain investment will pay you certain, large dividends, and the opportunity is presented for you to make that investment Now—Why wait?

The Playerpiano will certainly prove a good investment for you and for your family; it will certainly pay you large dividends of pleasure, of satisfaction, of enjoyment and of good cheer all the rest of your life. Why wait?

The Playerpiano itself is so handsome, is such good value, the tone is so full and sweet, that taken all in all it is the opportunity of your lifetime to get all you want in music, just as you want it.

Come in and see the instrument. Test it any way you choose. Have your musical friends try it for tone, for touch, for shading, and then see how all the world of music unrolls before you as the Playerpiano as a player opens avenues of expression, of technique, that you have longed for but never hoped to enjoy. Don't wait—Come in Now.

Pianos Playerpianos Organs

New Music Rolls every month for the Playerpiano.

W. J. Wheeler & Co.

South Paris Maine

Mr. T. H. Sidelinger has moved his family to Portland.

Mrs. Harold Rollins and son, Harold, were to Norway, Sunday.

Mrs. D. T. Darell is visiting relatives at Norway and Auburn.

Miss Amelia Hamlin of Milan, N. H., was the week end guest of Mrs. Leonie Howe.

Miss Miriam Herrick went to Boston, Monday, to spend a few weeks with friends.

Mrs. George Manley of Hyde Park, Mass., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Amelia Grover.

Mrs. Bailey of South Paris, Mrs. Gaudet and daughter, Bertha, of Roxbury are guests of Mrs. Sarah Frost.

Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Yates and daughter, Annie, of Milan, N. H., were guests of relatives in town, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bennett and Mr. and Mrs. Adna Barrows of Paris were callers at Miss L. M. Stearns', Sunday.

Mrs. Louisa Philbrook, who has been spending her vacation at her home in Greene, Me., has returned to Mr. Ceylon Rowe's.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Proctor and two sons of Watertown, Mass., were guests of Mr. Proctor's cousin, Mrs. E. C. Park, Sunday.

The Oxford Sunday School Association, interdenominational, meets in annual convention in the Universalist church, Norway, Tuesday, Sept. 25.

Master Harold Lawrence, who has been spending the summer with his grandmother, Mrs. Eliza Merrill, returned to his home in Portland, Monday.

Miss Mae Cross made the ascent of Mt. Washington, Wednesday, returning home Thursday.

Mr. Harold Chapman of Biddeford was the guest of Mr. John Anderson and family last week.

Mrs. Annie Willey returned home from Boston, Friday, with all the latest styles in millinery.

Mr. Clyde Brooks of Grafton is soon to occupy the C. C. Bryant rent in the steam mill district.

Mrs. J. H. Hiscock and son, Clifton, of Farmington are guests of Mrs. J. P. Swett and family.

Mrs. Ralph Perkins of South Paris was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bartlett a few days last week.

Miss Muriel Dunting and Mr. Harold Morrison of Yarmouth are guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Chandler.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Edwards and daughter, Dorothy, returned Monday from a visit spent with relatives at Bar Mills.

Mrs. John Swan accompanied her sister, Mrs. F. D. Bartlett, and son, Leon, of Berlin on a motor trip through Gardiner, Hallowell, Augusta and Togus last week.

Miss Evelyn Starling, who has been spending several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Purington, returned to her home in Yarmouth, Monday. Mrs. F. E. Purington accompanied her to spend a few days.

Mrs. Lamer, Mrs. Ella Mansfield and daughter Marian and Mrs. G. L. Thurston were week end guests of Mrs. Harriet Tilley at her cottage at Maplewood, N. H. Mr. G. L. Thurston and Mr. L. L. Carver went up Saturday returning with them Sunday.

BETHEL and Vicinity

Mr. J. M. Philbrook loaded a car for Brighton, Monday.

Dr. I. H. Wight returned from Rochester, Minnesota, Saturday.

Mr. Alvah Cummings has moved his family onto a farm in Gilead.

Mrs. H. H. Hastings was the guest of relatives in Portland last week.

A heavy frost visited Bethel, Tuesday night and destroyed most of the crops.

The Norway Fair this week is receiving its usual patronage of Bethel people.

Mr. and Mrs. Clough of Boston are guests of Mrs. Clough's sister, Mrs. Roscoe Andrews.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cates of Boston are guests of Mrs. Cates' sister, Mrs. Ed. Barker.

Mrs. Nellie Phipps of Milan, N. H., was the guest of F. L. Edwards and family, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hazelton of West Paris were Sunday guests of Miss L. M. Stearns.

Miss Florence Leighton of Portland was the week end guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Purrington.

Mrs. Bay Estes and son, Bay, Jr., of Boston were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ceylon Rowe last week.

The West Bethel Grange are to hold their annual cattle show and fair Tuesday, September 25th.

Miss Minnie Capen has returned from China, Maine, where she visited her sister, Mrs. Fred Roberts.

Mrs. Millie Clark has returned to Sanford, Me., after spending several weeks with relatives in town.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Hall, Mrs. Arnold Brown and Miss Harriet Merrill motored to Lewiston, Thursday.

Mrs. Wild Twaddle, who has been seriously ill with an abscess on her lung, is reported as much better.

Miss Helen Staples of Hanover was the guest of Mrs. Abbie Bean, Sunday, on her way home from New York.

Mr. Briggs and family of Sweden were guests Sunday of Mr. Fred Gordon and his sister, Miss Addie Gordon.

Misses Alice Cross and Evangeline Atherton, the new teachers in the brick schoolhouse, are boarding at Mr. S. J. Morse's.

Mr. Adelmar Brown has returned from a few days' vacation spent in Vermont, Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

Miss Grace Carter returned to her home in Northampton, Saturday, after spending several weeks with her mother, Mrs. Ella Carter.

Miss Edna Bartlett of East Bethel and Mrs. Clara Brown of Locke's Mills were guests of Mr. John Swan and family last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Tuell and two daughters, Mrs. F. B. Tuell and son, Charles, motored to West Sumner, Friday, to visit relatives.

Dorothy Chandler of Norway has been spending a week with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Chandler, and returned home, Tuesday.

Prof. F. E. Hanscom and family, who have been spending the summer at their farm at Mechanic Falls, returned home last Wednesday.

Mrs. O. M. Mason and Mrs. Nellie Curtis have been chosen delegates to the W. C. T. U. State Convention, which meets in Calais, Sept. 19, 20, 21.

Misses Frances and Florence Carter, who have been spending their vacation with their mother, Mrs. Ella Carter, returned to their school in Portland, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hall, Mrs. Carrie Witham, and Mr. L. A. Hall motored to Bingham and No. Anson, Sunday, where they will spend a few days with relatives.

COTTAGE STUDIO NOTES

We would like to show any Camera owner who comes to Norway some of the nice things in color that we make from Amateur Films.

YARNS

All colors in Fleisher's Shetland Floss, Saxony, Germantown and Knitting Worsted.

To those buying a box of yarn we will give printed directions for knitting a sweater.

Knitting Cottons

In all numbers

Needles

All sizes in amber & steel

Carver's
16 BROAD STREET

Mrs. Agnes Ames and daughter, Grace, who have been spending several weeks in their old home, returned to New York, Wednesday.

Miss Annie Moran of Bradford, Mass., and Miss Phebe Peacock of Haverhill, Mass., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Lowe.

Miss Ola Hutchins, who has been spending her vacation as the guest of her sister, Mrs. Frank Bartlett, returned to New York, Tuesday.

The Rebekahs will hold a Children's Night on September 17. All members are requested to be present and ready to respond with selections or items of interest.

Rev. J. H. Little was called to Locke's Mills, Tuesday, to attend the funeral of Mrs. Ava Reed, wife of Charles Reed of Hanover. Service in the Union church.

Prof. and Mrs. F. H. Dodge and Dr. and Mrs. Van Dyck returned to their homes in New Jersey, Wednesday, after spending several weeks at the M. M. Hastings homestead.

Miss Gladys Spearrin, who has been visiting her parents at West Milan, N. H., returned home, Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Spearrin accompanied her, returning to West Milan, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hastings have gone to Plymouth, N. H., to visit Mrs. Hastings' daughter, Mrs. George Goddard. They made the journey with Mrs. Hastings' father, Mr. Melles Holster of Portland, who is to make the trip to visit his granddaughter, Mrs. Goddard and two great grandsons.

CHOICE GROCERIES, VEGETABLES, FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY, CIGARS.

FRED E. WHEELER

BETHEL, MAINE

RUMFORD

Mrs. C. A. Kelley is enjoying a two weeks' vacation at Harvey, N. B.

Rev. Allen Brown and boys of the intermediate and junior grades of the Universalist Sunday school recently enjoyed a three days' outing at Mr. Frank Brooks' camp, Isthmus Road.

Mrs. Charles Mixer and daughters, Martha and Alice, returned last week from a month's outing spent at Ocean Park.

Mrs. Harry Tozier and son, Master Payson, returned Saturday from Seattle, Washington, after a ten weeks' visit with Mrs. Tozier's mother.

Mrs. Percy Sweetsir, who has been substituting as bookkeeper for the Rumford Steam Laundry for several weeks, is now acting as substitute clerk for the Maine Tel. and Tel. Co., during the absence of Miss Jessie Haldane and Miss Lenora Matthieu. Miss Haldane is the guest of her parents in Sherbrooke, Quebec. Miss Matthieu is spending her vacation at her former home in Farmington.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Currier have recently entertained Mrs. Currier's father, Mr. Merrill, of Brewer.

Mrs. Pearl Otis is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. John McKeag, of Strathglass Park.

Miss Alice Brown, bookkeeper for the Maine Tel. and Tel. Co., will spend next week with relatives in Readfield, Mass.

Miss Ruth Rouillard of Revere, Mass., is the guest of Miss Martha Swain this week. Last week she was entertained by Miss Alice Mixer.

Miss Amy Shaw of Buckfield has recently been the guest of Mrs. John A. Greene.

Miss Mattie Brooks has returned from a week's visit at her home in Corinna, Maine.

Mr. S. L. Foster is enjoying a short outing at Four Ponds. Mr. L. E. Ward was his guest over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. John B. Martin and children, Everett and Frances, returned Saturday from North Fryeburg where they have been spending the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Carroll were guests one day recently of their son, William at Camp Bartlett, Westfield. Mr. Carroll is lieutenant in Company D of Fryeburg.

In accordance with the offer of the medical profession in Rumford plans are being made for the examination and dental treatment of all scholars in the public schools. This work is to be done without compensation.

Mr. James Harris recently returned from a business trip to New York City.

Mr. A. Gilmore, who has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Gilmore, returned Sunday to his home in Johnsonburg, Pa., where he is employed in the mill of the New York and Penn Paper Company. Mr. Gilmore was formerly employed at the Oxford mill, having worked there ten years.

Mr. Chas. Levin is spending twelve days in New York City purchasing fall and winter stock.

Miss Hazel Lapham is visiting her sister, Mrs. Walter Wood, of Linden, Mass.

Miss Carolyn Kenniston returned Saturday from Phillips having been called there by the illness of her mother.

Mrs. Harris Elliott and daughter, Olive, returned Sunday from a visit with relatives in North Abington, Mass.

Mrs. Tukey and son, Newhall, of Portland were guests recently of Mrs. Charles Howe.

Mrs. V. V. Henderson of Montreal spoke very interestingly on Volunteer First Aid Work of the Red Cross, Saturday evening. This talk was given at the home of Mrs. Elliott Howe, Franklin street, Mrs. Henderson being a cousin of Mrs. Howe. Mrs. Henderson has charge of the Volunteer Aid Department at Montreal.

The first meeting of the Searchlight Club was held at Mrs. Elliott Howe's summer home, Isthmus Road, Friday P. M. A picnic lunch was enjoyed and a business session held. The officers for the coming year are: President, Mrs. Cecilia Brown; Vice-President, Mrs. Sarah G. Latham; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Frances Coke; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Elizabeth Greene. Treasurer, Mrs. Mary Howe. Mrs. Elizabeth Greene, Mrs. Natalie Hyde and Mrs. Julia McCarty will serve on the topic committee. The next meeting of the Searchlight Club will be held at the home of Mrs. George Pet-

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Mrs. Hurlburt and son of Boston have recently been the guests of Mrs. R. E. Swain.

Mr. Arthur Oakes, who recently left for the Canadian Northwest is now employed as a harvester in Saskatchewan.

Mr. Charles Huntoon and Mr. Arthur Hinds spent the week end in camp at Four Ponds.

Mr. Omer Briton and wife are spending the week with relatives in Manchester, N. H.

Miss Florence Hinds of Livermore was the guest of her brother, Mr. Arthur Hinds and family for a few days last week.

Miss Frances Coffin of Harrington, Me., was a guest in the home of Mr. James Sullivan last week. Miss Coffin is a teacher of the primary grade of the Virginia school.

Miss Daisy Ruff, who is employed by Mrs. Lewis Smith of Portland, is spending two weeks with her parents.

Miss Willa Swett, who is employed at "The Times" office, and Miss Vera Haines, clerk for the Rumford Drug Company, are enjoying an outing at Webb Lake.

Mr. C. E. Cobb and family have been enjoying a two weeks' outing at their camp on Rangeley Lake.

Mr. Max Greenburg has recently added a new department to his shoe business. In this department which is located over the present store will be found all kinds of up-to-date women's and children's footwear.

Mr. Augustus O. Thomas, State Supt. of Schools, gave an interesting address at the Municipal Building, Monday evening to the citizens of Rumford. Mr. Thomas is a fine speaker and had much to say of importance on school problems.

The Odd Fellows and Rebekahs enjoyed a corn roast at East Rumford, Monday evening. A good number were present and everyone had a jolly time.

Miss Lena Felt attended the Norway fair one day this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Smith of Portland were in town the first of the week.

Mrs. Walter Berry returned this week from a visit of several weeks with relatives in Lisbon Falls.

Mrs. P. E. McCarthy, who recently underwent an operation for appendicitis at the McCarty Hospital, returned home, Friday.

The monthly business meeting of the Universalist Sunday school was held Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Charles Howe. It was planned to hold the monthly social on Friday evening, Sept. 21. Plans were made for the observance of rally day on the first Sunday in October. The One Thought Club, composed of the pupils of the junior grade, held a corn roast at the home of Mrs. R. E. Swain on Wednesday evening. The first parish meeting of the fall was held at the church parlor on Tuesday evening, while the Ladies' Aid began their fall work Tuesday afternoon by electing new officers.

The result of the vote on the amendment for woman suffrage in Rumford was yes 220 votes and no 231.

Mr. Foshay will hold his last regular services next Sunday at the Baptist church as he leaves Wednesday to study at the University of Chicago. Mrs. Foshay and daughter, Ruth, will visit with relatives in Marlboro, Mass.

Miss Pauline Frew, who was ill last week with tonsilitis, has fully recovered.

The public schools opened Monday with a large attendance. The teachers engaged for the year are as follows:

Stephens High School, Leon G. Paine, Principal; Bennett D. Charron, Commercial; Herbert H. McCobb, Agriculture and Science; Marion E. Lord, English and Elocution; Adrienne Belleau, Spanish and French; Augusta Paine, English and Latin; Margaret Sheehy, History and English; Nellie Dennis, Stenography and Typewriting; Point High School, Martha O. Card.

Grade Teachers. Pettengill School, Principal, Edith Lee Neal, primary and 1st grades; Linnie Lanpher, 7th grade; Mary Connelly, 7th grade; Eva M. Deering, 6th grade; Eunice Penley, 3rd grade; Nellie C. Weeks, 2nd grade.

Chisholm School. Principal, Cecile Denham, 5th grade; Inez Sanford, 4th grade; Clara Bickford, 4th and 5th grades; Alice J. Rowe, 3rd grade; Eglantine Belleau, 2nd grade; Nellie Hinds, 3rd grade; Cynthia Vickery, 1st grade; Rose Matthieu, primary.

Virginia School. Elve Jewell Principal and 7th grade teacher; Mabel Titcomb, 5th and 6th grades; Teresa Sullivan, 4th and 5th grades; Emma Tabbutt, 3rd grade; Nina F. Stevens, 2nd grade; Frances Coffin, primary.

McDonald School. Principal C. R. Witham, 6th and 7th grades; Adelia W. Barron, 4th and 5th grades; Lida B. Kelley, 2nd and 3rd grades; Effie E. Akers, 1st and primary.

Bisbee School. Frances Murphy Principal and 6th grade; Lucy Murphy, 4th and 5th grades; Katherine Flint, 2nd and 3rd grades; Lillian Rollins, 1st and primary.

Edna M. Havey, Rumford Point Grammar; Emma Gleason, Point Primary. Florence Akers, Rumford Center Grammar; Grace Hoyt, Rumford Center Primary. Lulu Hoyt, North Rumford; Bertha White, Holland School; Gladys Cook, South Rumford; Gladys Carver, Red Hill.

Manual Training, Harley Prescott and Luella Smith. Domestic Science, M. Sanford Coombs and Frances Wiggin. Junior High, Grace Condy.

SEE HERE!

Do You Want Your Kineys Experimented On?

Kidney troubles are getting more common every day. Government health bureau figures say deaths from this cause are 72% more than 20 years ago.

Anybody who suffers constant backache, who feels blue, nervous and irritable; who has dizzy spells, headache and urinary disorders should suspect kidney weakness. Overworked kidneys must have a rest. Take things easier, live more carefully. Take a good kidney remedy to build the kidneys up again.

But be sure to get Doan's Kidney Pills—the oldest, the most widely used, the best recommended of all kidney pills, now in use all over the civilized world. Don't experiment with your kidneys. Thousands have already tested Doan's. You have their experience to go by. Plenty of cases right here in Bethel. Here's one:

Mrs. Walter E. Bartlett, Chapman St., Bethel, says: "I gladly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills. I used this medicine some time ago and the results I received were in every way satisfactory. Since then, I have had no return of the trouble."

60c, at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

NORTH WATERFORD.

There was quite a frost in some places the morning of Sept. 5. The early sweet corn is about ready for canning.

John Willis is home from Berlin and at the South Waterford corn shop.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rice are moving to their new home in Norway, and the hotel here is to be closed.

Charles York has been unable to find help to cut his hay, and has given it to some of his neighbors.

Herman Holt was visited Wednesday by his aunt, Mrs. Riggs, of South Waterford, and his sister, Mrs. Bert Paterson.

Mrs. P. W. Saunders of South Waterford was at her son, Arthur's, on Wednesday.

Mrs. Lincoln Holmes came home this week from a Lewiston hospital, where she has been for some time. It is hoped that her health is greatly improved.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Marston, Mrs. Marston's aunt, Mrs. Anna Paige, and Mrs. Arthur Andrews went to Bridgton, Wednesday. Mrs. Andrews' mother, Mrs. Sumner Grover, cared for her baby.

Mr. and Mrs. Keene recently visited at Sumner Grover's.

Charles Saunders has a crew of men at work on the road.

Roy Wardwell has commenced threshing grain for the farmers.

Fanny Hersey is teaching school in the Dresser district, Albany, for a few days until they get a teacher.

John McAllister's family have moved to Fryeburg during corn packing time.

Mary P. Dresser has finished work at Mr. Farrington's and has gone to her school in Norway.

OXYGEN

keeps the Human Race alive and any medicine that has this necessary element of life is bound to meet with the greatest success.

OX—O—TONIC, the Life Guard Remedy, is the name of a medicine that for fifteen years has stood the test of time and guided thousands of people to a new lease of life and restored to them Nature's Heritage, "Health."

No matter what you may have used for Kidney, Stomach, and Liver complaints, we assure you we can give ease and relief if you but trust us and use the medicine we recommend.

Ask your Druggist to get you a bottle, or same can be shipped by parcel post direct from our laboratory. Price 6 oz. 50 cents. 16 oz. $1.00.

We will be glad to send you a copy of our circular and testimonials of the highest character upon your request.

OX-O-TONIC CO., Inc.,
BOSTON, MASS.

8 23 4t.

ANDOVER

Rev. John W. Suter preached an interesting sermon at the Congregational church, Sunday morning.

The Red Cross Auxiliary will have work every Tuesday and Friday afternoon from 2 o'clock until 5 p. m., at the Grange dining hall. It is to be hoped that the ladies will be present and help in this good work.

Mrs. Ralph Thurston and daughter, Della, visited friends in Errol, N. H., last week.

Everett Richards from Lawrence, Mass., is the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Bedell, and cousin, Mrs. Y. A. Thurston, this week.

Mrs. Olive Akers and children attended the State fair, Wednesday of last week.

Florence Akers is teaching the grammar school at Rumford Center and boarding with Mrs. Winnifred Farnum.

Wm. G. Cushman is painting the "Wayside Cottage" at So. Andover for Mr. George M. Newhall.

Rev. George Lincoln and family, who have been occupying John Talbot's house for the past six weeks, left town Saturday by auto for their home in Germantown, Pa.

Fred Hutchins, eldest son of Bert Hutchins, accidentally shot himself Friday while out in a boat at Roxbury Pond. The bullet entered his leg just above the knee. Dr. Parody from Rumford Point was immediately called.

Ted Howey, who has been running a motor boat at Parmachenee Lake this summer, has returned home and is attending high school.

Mrs. H. A. Mills is a guest in the home of Y. A. Thurston.

Mr. George Thomas is critically ill.

Y. A. Thurston was drawn to serve on the grand jury and Vard Perkins to serve on the traverse jury for the October term of the Supreme Judicial Court at South Paris.

Mrs. Susan Mills Titus, who has been a demonstrator at E. S. Paul's store, Lisbon street, Lewiston, the past week, returned Saturday to her home in West Medford, Mass. Mrs. Titus formerly lived in Andover.

I. E. Mills and family will move into their home on Main street, Oct. 1.

Mrs. Mary Frost is visiting friends in Mexico.

Richard Osborne is working for Charles Cushman.

C. A. Rand is threshing grain at his mill for the farmers.

Lincoln Dresser returned Thursday from a trip to Lewiston and Portland.

The schools in town reopened Monday with the following teachers: High school Principal, Clarence Brown; Assistant, Rebecca Estey; Grammar School, Ruth McAllister; Intermediate, Annie M. Akers; Primary, Matilda Hall; No. 4, Ethel Webber; East Andover, Frinda Gordon; South Andover, Irene Abbott.

Mrs. Eva Tukey, who has been visiting her niece, Mrs. C. A. Rand, returned last week to her home in Portland.

Victor Akers has gone to Cupsuptic where he has employment scaling.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Learned observed the 50th anniversary of their marriage, Tuesday evening at the Universalist church. A large company was present. They received many beautiful gifts.

The three-act drama, "Mrs. Compton's Manager," was presented Tuesday evening, Sept. 11, in town hall by members of the senior class of Andover High school with the following cast of characters:

Mrs. Helen Compton, a widow, Ivy Thurston
Leonard Barring, her nephew, Ralph Akers
Ethel Durand, cousin to Mrs. Compton, Viola Searle
Elphron Vartray, a landscape gardener, Arthur Marston
James Heaton, an architect, George Akers
Frederick Lowell, Bishop of Hoboken, Waldo Merrill
Margaret Roswell, friend of Miss Durand, Lucene Smith
Jackson, butler at Fairthorn, George Callahan
Marie Demardue, actress, Athalie Sweatt
Mrs. McGillien, housekeeper at Fairthorn, Olive Akers
Tompkins, butler, Fred French, Jr.
Williams, maid, Mary Marston
Watkins, farm hand, Fred Hutchins

John K. Hawey is at home from Parmachenee for a few days.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Antonio Florde late of Bethel in the County of Oxford deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

FRANK E. PURRINGTON,
August 21st, 1917. Bethel, Maine.

GROVER HILL.

Mrs. W. H. Hutchinson has knit for the Navy League since the 14th of last June, 10 helmets, 10 sweaters, and 3 pairs of wristers, besides attending unaided to the household duties in a family of four. "Can you beat it!"

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Barnard from Bellows Falls, Vt., are guests at Maurice Tyler's. They came by automobile.

Miss Marion Jordan and sister, Eleanor, of Mechanic Falls visited their aunt, Mrs. M. F. Tyler, the week end.

Miss Gwendolyn Stearns was the guest of Mrs. Paul Thurston at Frye last week.

Mr. John Barker and family from Rumford recently visited at A. B. Grover's.

Mr. N. A. Stearns accompanied Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Whitman to Boston last week and was their guest for several days. The trip both ways was made in Mr. Whitman's Packard Twin-Six.

Hattie and Melba Blake from Berlin, N. H., have been guests at Clyde Whitman's.

SUNDAY RIVER.

Harold Enman, who has been spending the summer with Lewis Eames, returned to his home in Gilead to go to school.

Chester Chapman was in this place, Sunday.

Joe Spinney and Willie Powers have gone to Grafton to work for Hastings.

Mr. O'Leary of Malboro, Mass., is visiting his sister, Mrs. John Nowlin.

J. A. Spinney was on Bear River recently, visiting friends.

Billie McKenzie is working for J. P. Skillings.

Mrs. Peter Kyle is visiting at C. D. Bean's.

Mr. and Mrs. Harlan Ingalls returned to their home in Portland, after spending some time at C. D. Bean's.

Ruth Kendall has returned to the Academy.

Herbert Long returned home after spending two weeks with relatives in Rhode Island.

Alice Eames is attending the Academy.

Mildred Spinney returned to Portland, Monday.

Mrs. Ladd, who is cooking for Joe Jolbert, is in Rumford for a week.

Frank Williamson was in Auburn last week and purchased a handsome pair of horses.

C. A. Baker spent a few days at home, recently.

H. L. Tolman has purchased two cows of W. Wheeler.

NORTH HARTFORD.

Mrs. Bessie Kilbreth and Mrs. Flora Hodge of Canton called on Mrs. Percy Gammon, Tuesday.

Arthur Richards has purchased a cow.

Miss Cora Beason of Brockton, Mass., is visiting Horace Bartlett of this town, and Charles Oldham and family at Canton.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Oldham of Canton went to South Paris, Monday, to visit William Russell and family. They will accompany Mr. Russell and others on a trip to the White Mountains and other places of interest while away. The trip will be made by auto.

Miss Susie Russell of East Sumner is reported to be gaining. Her many friends wish her a speedy recovery.

Russell, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Cecil York, had the misfortune to break both bones in one of his arms, Tuesday afternoon. Dr. R. W. Bicknell of Canton was called.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Richards visited his brother, Henry Richards, and family, Tuesday.

Mrs. Lang has finished working for Horace Bartlett.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Nellie B. Dudley late of Woodstock in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

FRANKLIN D. CUMMINGS,
August 21st, 1917. Portland, Maine.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that she has been duly appointed executrix of the last will and testament of Algernon S. Chapman late of Bethel in the County of Oxford, deceased. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

ANGIE M. CHAPMAN,
August 21st, 1917. Bethel.

Printing of all kinds done in a prompt and satisfactory manner.

NEW FARM BARGAINS

Oxford County Farms always prove good. We have just listed some very desirable farms in Oxford and Androscoggin Counties.

Write us, we can please you.

THE DENNIS PIKE CO.,
NORWAY, MAINE.

1864 1917

Hyde, Wheeler Co.
BOSTON
COMMISSION MERCHANTS

WANT YOUR FARM PRODUCTS

Eggs, Live and Dressed Poultry, Veal, Apples and Potatoes.

Prices, shipping tags, dressing, packing and shipping instructions, etc., sent free.

HAY WANTED NOW
Old or New.
W. J. Phelps
Chamber of Commerce, Boston.
Ref: Beacon Trust Co.

PROBATE NOTICES.

To all persons interested in either of the Estates hereinafter named:

At a Probate Court at Paris in vacation in and for the County of Oxford, on the twenty-eighth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen. The following matter having been presented for the action thereupon hereinafter indicated, it is hereby ORDERED:

That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford County Citizen newspaper published at Bethel, in said County, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at said Paris, on the third Tuesday of September, A. D. 1917, at 9 of the clock in the forenoon, and be heard thereon if they see cause.

Lizzie Tobin of Hartford, adult ward; first account presented for allowance by Willis E. Gould, guardian.

John C. F. Doton late of Hartford; deceased; first account presented for allowance by Willis E. Gould, administrator.

ADDISON E. HERRICK,
Judge of said Court.

A true copy—attest:
ALBERT D. PARK,
8-30-3t. Register.

PROBATE NOTICES.

To all persons interested in either of the Estates hereinafter named:

At a Probate Court, held at Rumford in and for the County of Oxford, on the third Tuesday of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen. The following matter having been presented for the action thereupon hereinafter indicated, it is hereby ORDERED:

That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford County Citizen newspaper published at Bethel, in said County, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at said Paris, on the third Tuesday of September, A. D. 1917, at 9 of the clock in the forenoon, and be heard thereon if they see cause.

William W. Chase late of Bethel, deceased; petition that Lucinda H. Chase or some other suitable person be appointed as administrator of the estate of said deceased presented by said Lucinda H. Chase, widow.

Arvilla G. Lucas late of Bethel, deceased; petition for determination of collateral inheritance tax presented by Annie M. Young, executrix.

Alva M. Coolidge late of Upton, deceased; first account presented for allowance by Scott A. Coolidge, administrator with the will annexed.

Arvilla G. Lucas late of Bethel, deceased; first account presented for allowance by Annie M. Young, executrix.

ADDISON E. HERRICK,
Judge of said Court.

A true copy—attest:
ALBERT D. PARK,
8-30-3t. Register.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed executor of the last will and testament of Leander W. Bennett late of Grafton in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

M. L. THURSTON,
August 21st, 1917. Bethel.

Usually the hardest person for a man to understand is himself.

It is easy enough to get sick, also it is easy to keep well. If you eat rich food frequently, if you neglect to chew your food properly, if you eat too much, especially when all tired out, you are taking a pretty sure course towards sickness, biliousness, headaches, colds, deranged stomach or sickness in some other form.

Getting Sick

AND STAYING WELL

You can keep well by not doing these things, and you will be much less likely to take cold, by keeping your digestive organs in good order. If you have been indiscreet, and are suffering from biliousness, loss of appetite, sour stomach or constipation, don't hesitate to use the true "L. F." Atwood's Medicine. It is safe and reliable and will help you to get well and stay well. 35 cents a bottle. Sample free. "L. F." Medicine Co., Portland, Maine.

POEMS WORTH READING

DON'T GIVE UP TRYING.

Gertrude Phebe Doerr.

Don't give up trying,
Whatever you do;
Nothing on earth
Makes one feel quite so blue.
What is the reason
You may not succeed!
Courage, my brother,
Is all that you need.

Don't give up trying
And hang down your head;
Look up and smile
And be hopeful, instead.
If you'd win glory
Or if you'd win pelf,
This is the secret:
Believe in yourself.

** ** **

THE FLAG OF OUR SKIES.

By the Rev. Francis P. Donnelly

Air: Gounod's "Marche Processional"), Dedicated to the Holy Cross Training Corps.

Red with the brightness
That flames the sky with coming morn;
White with the whiteness
That floods the day when fully born;
Blue with the azure
Of heaven and its starry host;
Hail to our treasure,
Our flag, our love, our proudest boast!

Then let it float with the glories of the skies,
And roll on high its white and its red welled bars;
Fling out its folds for the storm king it defies,
And let it flash through the gloom all the lightning of its silver stars.
Aye, let it float with its hues from the skies above it,
With the red of the dawn, the white of the day, the blue of the night, we love it.

CHORUS

Wave it, proudly wave it;
With your life's blood gladly save it;
Praise God who gave it,
The flag of the good and true.
Round it now bravely stand,
Guard it ever with a strong right hand;
Love the banner of your native land,
The Red, White and Blue.

** ** **

A REGIMENT PASSES.

By Margaret E. Sangster, Jr., in the Christian Herald.

Eager, though half afraid, we stood along the street,
And, coming near, we heard the tramp of many marching feet;
We heard the thrilling beat of drums, the tingling sound of cheers;
And some of us looked up and smiled, and brushed away the tears!

Beggar and millionaire, we watched them as they came,
And some of us were white and crushed, and some were all aflame
With pride for them—our soldier boys—and some were cold with dread;
One woman stood with lifted chin, and one with drooping head.

Mother and new-made wife, together wistful-eyed,
One of them touched me with her hand, and "There goes Jim!" she cried.
From back of me there came a voice that, shaking, tried to say:
"Quick, darling, look at daddy—quick! Before he goes away!"

Sweetheart and maiden aunt, we watched the columns go,
Some souls were touched with more than hope, some heartbeats fal tered slow,
And "Au revoir," one of us laughed, and "Dear, good-by!" one sobbed;
And all about us, like a mist, the thrilling drumbeats throbbed.

Eager and dim of eye, we stood along the street,
And watched them as they whirled from sight. The sound of marching feet
Came like an echo from afar, an echo drenched in fears;
And some of us looked up and smiled but through a veil of tears!

** ** **

COMPRESS.

By Mary Carrigan Barry

Red blood, or blue blood, it's all the same today
[illegible]

WILLIAM TELL FLOUR

"It's easy to make good bread with WILLIAM TELL FLOUR. It's so easy, it's just fun".

DAISY BAKER

America, America! the blue, the white, the red!
Soldier men are real men, heroes, live or dead!
Sailor men are stout hearts—stars upon the blue!
America, America! they'll take care of you!

** ** **

ALL TO THE POINT.

By Arthur G. Burgoyne.

Now Jack and Tom and Jane and Kate,
Come hurry up and don't be late.
Brush off the dust from book and slate,
And think no more of play.
Forget the holidays gone by.
(How fast these days of pleasure fly!)
Henceforth you've other fish to fry,
For school is on today.

Once more the brazen-throated bell
Rings out, "Ding dong!" which means farewell
To idleness. Those sounds foretell
A busy time for all.
Once more the tiny sleepy head
Too soon must tumble out of bed
And sally forth with hurried tread
Responsive to the call.

In school the eager infant host
Will find the teacher at her post
In half-forgotten tasks engrossed.
'Tis hard for her, poor soul!
To start again the same old grind,
And, leaving summer joys behind,
On labor day to fix her mind
And keep it 'neath control.

Instead of thinking of her free
And easy times beside the sea,
Or on the farm, for her 'twill be
The three scholastic R's.
It is her duty to forget
The numerous handsome gents she met,
Some of 'em won't. On this we'll bet
The sodas or cigars.

But time will smooth the rough spots o'er
And things will all be as before.
No harrowing afflictions sore
You'll note, nor moments vain.
And then the school bell's call will cease
To hurt and all will end in peace
Until there comes a new release
And school is out again.

MIDDLE INTERVALE ROAD.

Mrs. Ned Carter and four children returned home Wednesday from China, where she has been visiting her sister for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Coolidge visited his son on Kimball Hill, Sunday.

Ned Carter and the horses and cows started for the woods, Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Mary Jane Capen is still in China with her daughter.

Will Capen is visiting at Mrs. Fannie Coller's.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Sargent have moved to Bethel and are occupying the Hanna house on Farwell Hill.

Mrs. Henry Walker and two boys were in West Paris Wednesday. Mr. Murray and Kenneth went by auto Saturday night returning Sunday.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE EFFECTIVE IN CONTROLLING LATE BLIGHT OF POTATOES.

A Discussion of the Factors which Influence the Results Obtained from Spraying Potatoes.

The officials of the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station are convinced that timely and thorough spraying of potato fields with properly prepared Bordeaux Mixture is an efficient means of controlling late blight of the foliage and the resultant rot of the tuber. This conviction is based upon a long series of practical, comparative tests made both in Maine and elsewhere. To date the season of 1917 has been extremely favorable for late blight and rot to develop. At the same time conditions have been such, in many ways, as to more or less seriously interfere with the proper application of the means of control. Blight or "rust," as it is popularly called, has appeared in a destructive way on the unsprayed and less thoroughly sprayed fields over a considerable portion of the State. It is even difficult to find a field of potatoes in those sections where as a rule spraying is most generally practiced and most efficiently done that does not show at least some blighted leaves. At Aroostook Farm where, except on certain experimental fields, fairly thorough spraying is followed, an occasional blighted leaf can be found. But these fields are in marked contrast with adjoining plots less thoroughly sprayed, with unsprayed plots and those upon which certain substitutes for Bordeaux Mixture have been used.

If anyone is experiencing partial or almost entire failure to control late blight due to the materials or methods used, now is the time to take account of stock, determine where the difficulties lie and plan to avoid repetitions of these failures in future years. Some factors which might influence the results and tend to decrease efficiency are discussed below:

Was the Bordeaux Mixture properly made?

The Station uses and recommends the 5-5-50, formula, or 5 pounds of copper sulphate (blue vitriol), 5 of stone lime (6 to 7 pounds of hydrated lime in cans) and 50 gallons of water. Dissolve the copper sulphate and slake the lime in separate vessels, dilute each with half of the water and then quickly and thoroughly mix the two dilute solutions, immediately before applying. Do not mix strong solutions together and do not prepare the mixture any faster than it is needed for use.

Was the Application Timely?

The Station directions call for the first application of the spray when the plants are 6 to 8 inches tall and subsequent spraying sufficiently often to protect new growth. This means spraying as often as once in 10 days. Wet weather favors the development of blight. Consequently, if it is close to any rains, it may be necessary to spray every week till the first of September or even later. An application before a rain is of more value than one made after. The former prevents infection and the latter may or may not. If there is time for the spray to dry before the rain comes it sticks better and does more good than is popularly supposed. Bordeaux Mixture is a preventive not a cure of blight and rot. Late blight starts first on the lower leaves. Early, thorough spraying gives these leaves a protective coating. The rapidly growing plant soon covers them, prevents washing by rain and thus these potential centers of infection retain their protective coating throughout the season. If spraying is not begun till the plant has begun to develop numerous side branches it is next to impossible to reach these lower leaves with any ordinary spraying apparatus. If blight has already started, the problem of control becomes all the more difficult.

Was the Spraying Thoroughly Done?

The Station directions call for high pressure and sufficient nozzles arranged so as to completely cover the plants with a fine mist like spray. Were there enough nozzles to the row, and were they so arranged that they covered the entire row with spray at each application? Were the nozzles of a type and did the pump supply sufficient pressure so that the spray was delivered in a fine mist that penetrated forcefully into the interior of the mass of foliage on each hill? In other words did a majority of the leaves on each plant get a thorough coating, and all of the leaves receive at least some of the spray? The grower should answer this question for himself by observation when he sprays. In a season like the present complete protection from late blight can only be expected when these conditions are fulfilled. On the other hand, it is often surprising how much good is sometimes accomplished by relatively inefficient spraying.

One nozzle to the row is sufficient only when the plants are small. Thoroughness in spraying should not be measured in gallons per acre alone. Fifty gallons per acre means only about a teaspoonful per plant per application—far too little when the plants are large, if the work is to be effective.

Was Freshly and Properly Prepared Bordeaux Mixture Used?

The Station recommends only freshly prepared Bordeaux Mixture and does not recommend any "just as good" substitutes. The Station has never tried any commercial or home prepared material which, when used in economical amounts, equalled Bordeaux Mixture efficiency in controlling late blight. This statement in no way applies to the efficiency of proprietary sprays in killing "bugs" or the larvae of the Colorado potato beetle. There are numerous, relatively cheap and efficient prepared insecticides on the market. It is quite another matter to produce a concentrated spray material which can compete with properly and freshly prepared Bordeaux Mixture either in efficiency or in cost. The fungus destroying qualities of Bordeaux Mixture depend upon the copper compounds formed from the chemical reaction which takes place when a dilute solution of copper sulphate is mixed with a diluted milk of lime. In the last analysis the fungicidal value of a mixture depends upon the amount of metallic copper present, and the form of combination. Five pounds of copper sulphate will supply a little over one and one-fourth pounds of metallic copper. From the claimed analysis of the commercial material the purchaser can figure how many pounds of the substitute he must use in 50 gallons of spray to obtain the same amount of fungicidal copper. Incidentally he might figure the relative costs of the substitute and home prepared Bordeaux Mixture when both are made up so they will carry equal amounts of the real fungicidal agent, metallic copper. Aside from the amount of copper, freshly prepared Bordeaux Mixture made from dilute solutions possess superior qualities in many respects. Bordeaux pastes and powders are not freshly prepared and are not made from dilute solutions.

Chas. D. Woods, Director.

NORTH NEWRY.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Wight of Hanover were Sunday guests at W. B. Wight's.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Conway are guests at Poplar Tavern.

Mrs. M. A. Knights spent a few days at Pittsburg, N. H., with her husband, recently.

Mr. E. A. Wheeler and two daughters, Misses Helen and Alice, returned to their home in Waltham, Monday, after a short visit at W. B. Wight's.

H. B. Hanscom and family went to Errol, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hastings Bean of So. Paris were week end guests at W. B. Wight's.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hadley are staying at W. J. Vail's.

H. G. Chapman and Carlisle Brickett went on the mountain, Sunday. They report finding a few cranberries but no blueberries.

SOUTH PARIS

The Seneca Club has issued their year book for the coming season. The first meeting will be held October 1 and are held every other Monday night through the winter months. The program is miscellaneous and the subjects to be taken up are as follows: Oct. 1, Service to My Country; Oct. 15, Russia; Oct. 29, Russia; Nov. 12, Woman and Social Relations; Nov. 26, A Colonial Meeting; Dec. 10, Great Men of Our Times; Jan. 7, Education; Jan. 21, Old Housekeeping and the New; Feb. 4, Query; Feb. 18, Our Country; Mar. 4, A Study of Song; Mar. 18, Original Short Stories; April 1, Domestic Science; April 15, Magazine Meeting; April 29, Annual Meeting.

Paris schools will being September 17, instead of the date previously given. The principal of the Grammar school will be Harriet Fogg of Old Orchard. Miss Fogg is a graduate of Farmington Normal school, and has taught in Mexico and Alfred for the past two years.

Nathan McKeen left here Thursday for Haverhill, where he will spend some time with his son, Edward McKeen.

Miss Myrtle Farnum is helping Mrs. Mark B. Richardson with her household duties.

Mrs. D. M. Richardson, who has been ill for some time, is now able to get around and get out of doors some.

Miss Clara Riggy, who has been at Old Orchard during the summer, is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Joseph Currier, before going to her home in Stratford, N. H.

Mildred Curtis, Marjorie Banks, Doris Brooks, Evelyn Wight, Phyllis Taylor and Berenice Nash, vocal pupils of C. Y. Arthurs of Lewiston, gave a charming recital Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. Gertrude Barker of Norway with Miss Genevieve Barker as accompanist. Two solos were also rendered by Mr. Arthurs and several piano selections by Miss Angie Starbird of Lewiston.

John Carver of Lewiston, who has been principal here for Paris High school for the past five years, has a position as principal of a High school in Lakewood, N. J. There are about 300 students and ten assistants.

Mrs. Ira Packard of West Paris and her sister, Miss Maude Carter, who teaches in Massachusetts, are visiting friends in town.

Miss Marjorie Jordan of Bryant's Pond was a recent guest of her grandmother, Mrs. George Waterhouse.

Clarence O. Morton has purchased the Stone house on High street and will vacate the S. Porter Stearns house some time this month.

Vernon Keene of Mechanic Falls is the guest of Miss Muriel Bowker.

The household goods of Walter Denison arrived from Auburn, Indiana, Friday, and are being moved into Mrs. Georgie Shayer's rent on Pleasant street.

William P. Morton is painting new signs on his advertising boards. This has to be done each month.

George Stevens of Portland is the guest of his grandfather, George Davis, of Maple street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hastings Bean and Miss Edith Doten made an automobile trip to North Newry, Friday, and stayed over night at Willard Wight's.

Professor and Mrs. Crandlemier of Livermore Falls are guests of Mr. Crandlemier's sister, Mrs. Clarence O. Morton, of Pleasant street.

Lewis E. Monk has recently received news of the death of his nephew, Fred M. Monk, of Linchburg, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Gray were luncheon guests Friday of Dr. and Mrs. Stevens of Norway Lake.

Philip S. Jones has had an offer to go to Pensacola, Florida, for the winter to play in an orchestra in one of the large hotels there.

In connection with the departure of our esteemed brother, Rev. A. T. McWhorter, and family, on the 17th, there will be held Sunday evening the 16th of this month, a union valedictory service in the Congregational church. All the churches and pastors of the village will unite on this occasion, and pastors and representative laymen will speak. Everyone heartily welcome. Come and give our brother a happy send-off and show your appreciation of his faithful labors in our midst.

Merton Clifford and Albert Wheeler, who have been for some time clerks in the drug store of the Chas. H. Howard Co., left Monday for Boston to begin a two years' course in the Massachusetts College of Pharmacy.

Dan Farber has gone to Pittsburg, N. H., to work for the C. V. L. Co.

Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Brinck are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter, Katherine Rena.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Vail are receiving congratulations upon the birth of a son.

The Willing Workers met at the home of Mrs. L. E. Wight, Wednesday P. M. A baked bean supper was served to about fifty. In the evening the young folks were treated to a corn roast out on Mr. Wight's "bean hill."

HERRICK & PARK,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bethel, Maine.

LUCIAN W. BLANCHARD,
Counsellor-at-Law,
Post Office Block, Telephone 74
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UNDEVELOPED WATER POWERS,
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GOOD FARMING LAND
Await development.

Communications regarding locations are invited and will receive attention when addressed to any agent of the MAINE CENTRAL, or to

INDUSTRIAL BUREAU,
MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

REPAIR WORN MACHINERY.

Scarcity of Implements Must Be Met By Putting Old Ones into Shape for Work.

The great outcry for farm production and the scarcity of machinery points to the need of some way to repair a great many implements that are now useless largely because of the neglect with which they have been treated, says the United States Department of Agriculture, which adds that the machinery manufacturers and their local sales agents should help to perform this repair service.

Throughout the country there are thousands of binders, mowers, and other farm machines rusting in the fence corners, and many of these might be made available for further valuable service. The manufacturers of farm machinery are admittedly unable to furnish all the new machines required and are paying for full-page advertisements to influence governmental authorities to insure them necessary raw materials and transportation in competition with the demand for machines of war.

The railroads of the country, according to one of their officials, are being compelled in the present emergency to rescue practically every scrap locomotive from the old iron graveyards and rebuild them for active service. A similar plan should be adopted, says the department, for the reclamation of this cast-off farm equipment through the agency of central repair shops where the work could be done. Many of the machines might be made available for further service with repairs of comparatively small cost.

Added to the almost sinful carelessness of some farmers there has been the attitude on the part of farm machinery manufacturers in years past to favor the abandonment of worn and disabled machines in order to sell new ones; but now the time has arrived when it is difficult to supply the market with the necessary new machinery. The department suggests that representatives of the manufacturers on the one hand, and of the farmers—such as farm bureau agents or county agents—on the other hand, should get together to establish the necessary farm machinery repair stations in convenient localities.

BUSINESS Education

A thorough training should include instruction in all the Commercial Branches, Shorthand and Typewriting and the Burrough's Automatic Bookkeeping Machine.

The SHAW BUSINESS COLLEGE

PORTLAND, BANGOR AND AUGUSTA is the only school in New England which offers such a course. Telegraphy also taught. Free catalogue.

F. L. SHAW, President.

Stomach ... Since ... PERUNA

I Now Enjoy The Best of Health

EGG ORGAN TROUBLES.

By G. E. Conkey.

Complaints regarding egg organ diseases are constantly becoming more numerous and this is natural in view of the effort to make the flock lay more heavily year by year and add to the profits. This means a constantly increasing strain on the egg organs and a corresponding increase in the number of egg organ diseases.

Occasional cases of troubles with the egg organs are to be expected where fowls are fed heavily with a daily ration carrying the food elements necessary for heavy laying. Do not however allow these difficulties to become too numerous but take such action as will remove the underlying causes. Over-feeding, over-stimulation, or forcing of the egg organs and lack of exercise are the principal causes of egg organ troubles.

Some diseases of this class rarely occur and others could be determined only through a post mortem examination. Therefore, in this article we will consider only the more common ailments of the egg organs.

SYMPTOMS OF OVIDUCT INFLAMMATION.

Inflammation of the oviduct is one of the commonest and most important diseases of the egg organs. It is very often associated with other troubles in this region but it sometimes occurs alone. Repeated straining of the fowl as if attempting to lay is often the first symptom noted and if an egg is passed, it will be spotted with blood, contain some blood, be misshapen, small, or incomplete. Sometimes the yolk alone may be dropped without the covering of albumen or shell. In early stages of the disease, the wings of the affected bird droop and the feathers are ruffled up. In the advanced stages the comb is pale and the bird is dull and does not seem inclined to move about. Death often comes from a ruptured blood vessel brought on by the continual straining.

CAUSES.

Heavy laying with its strain on the oviduct is largely the cause of the disease but it may also be brought on by the use of too stimulating foods or condiments. Another cause is found in preparations that force the egg organs in an effort to promote egg production instead of helping the hen in the natural way by putting her in red-blooded vigorous good health with pure food and a clean system so she will just want to lay. Sometimes inflammation is due to laying large eggs, to broken eggs or to the bird's being egg bound.

The best treatment is to keep the bird quiet in a coop, darkened except at feeding time. Medicines are of little help. The diet should consist largely of green food with nothing stimulating. Olive castor oil or epsom salts right at the start. Do not feed too much.

Where the disease occurs frequently, the feeding should be changed and the flock handled in a way that will keep down excess fat. Reduce the protein and rich materials and feed more greens.

PROLAPSUS OF THE OVIDUCT.

This is a common ailment of laying hens and is produced by numerous causes. It is evidenced by the lower portion of the oviduct becoming everted and projecting from the vent as a mass of red or purplish tissue. The length of time the bird has been ailing before the discovery is made and whether it is a partial or extensive prolapse determine the exact appearance.

CAUSES.

Weakness of the oviduct walls and ligaments and inability of this organ to stand the strain put upon it in egg production are the fundamental causes of the disease. The immediate causes are straining in laying large eggs, straining when there is some obstruction in the oviduct, as when the hen is egg bound, and constipation which would affect all the organs in that region of the body. Poultry laxative, a teaspoonful of castor oil or some epsom salts are good prescriptions for constipation.

TREATMENT.

The first step is to determine if there is an egg in the passage. If you find one, treat as for egg bound. If there is no egg, wash off the parts with warm soapy water and gently press the protusion back into place using mild healing ointment or carbo-

...ICK & PARK,
...rneys-at-Law,
Maine.

...W. BLANCHARD,
...sellor-at-Law,
...ck,
Telephone 74
...FORD, MAINE.
...pecialty.

..., OF MAINE,
..., TAXIDERMIST,
MAINE.
...GAREY, Agent,
...thel, Maine.

...Whitney & Co.
...HEL, MAINE.
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...WORN MACHINERY.

...mplements Must Be Met... Old Ones Into Shape for Work.

...outery for farm produ... scarcity of machinery ... need of some way to ... at many implements that ... as largely because of the ... which they have been ... the United States D... Agriculture, which a... ...inery manufacturers and ...les agents should help to ... repair service. ... the country there are ... binders, mowers, and oth...

Stomach Troubles Since Childhood PERUNA Made Me Well

I Now Enjoy The Best of Health

Mr. Wm. W. Everly, 3325 North Hancock Street Philadelphia, Pa., writes:

"I have been troubled with stomach disorders since childhood, but after taking six bottles of your Peruna, I now enjoy the best of health. I also had catarrh in the head, which practically has disappeared, thanks to the Peruna Co. for their good work."

Those who object to liquid medicines can procure Peruna Tablets.

EGG ORGAN TROUBLES.

By G. E. Conkey.

Complaints regarding egg organ diseases are constantly becoming more numerous and this is natural in view of the effort to make the flock lay more heavily year by year and add to the profits. This means a constantly increasing strain on the egg organs and a corresponding increase in the number of egg organ diseases.

Occasional cases of troubles with the egg organs are to be expected where fowls are fed heavily with a daily ration carrying the food elements necessary for heavy laying. Do not however allow these difficulties to become too numerous but take such action as will remove the underlying causes. Over-feeding, over-stimulation, or forcing of the egg organs and lack of exercise are the principal causes of egg organ troubles.

Some diseases of this class rarely occur and others could be determined only through a post mortem examination. Therefore, in this article we will consider only the more common ailments of the egg organs.

SYMPTOMS OF OVIDUCT INFLAMMATION.

Inflammation of the oviduct is one of the commonest and most important diseases of the egg organs. It is very often associated with other troubles in this region but it sometimes occurs alone. Repeated straining of the fowl as if attempting to lay is often the first symptom noted and if an egg is passed, it will be spotted with blood, contain some blood, be misshapen, small, or incomplete. Sometimes the yolk alone may be dropped without the covering of albumen or shell. In early stages of the disease, the wings of the affected bird droop and the feathers are ruffled up. In the advanced stages the comb is pale and the bird is dull and does not seem inclined to move about. Death often comes from a ruptured blood vessel brought on by the continual straining.

CAUSES.

Heavy laying with its strain on the oviduct is largely the cause of the disease but it may also be brought on by the use of too stimulating foods or condiments. Another cause is found in preparations that force the egg organs in an effort to promote egg production instead of helping the hen in the natural way by putting her in red-blooded vigorous good health with pure blood and a clean system so she will just want to lay. Sometimes inflammation is due to laying large eggs, to broken eggs or to the bird's being egg bound.

The best treatment is to keep the bird quiet in a coop, darkened except at feeding time. Medicines are of little help. The diet should consist largely of green food with nothing stimulating. Give castor oil or epsom salts right at the start. Do not feed too much.

Where the disease occurs frequently, the feeding should be changed and the flock handled in a way that will keep down excess fat. Reduce the protein and rich materials and feed more greens.

PROLAPSUS OF THE OVIDUCT.

This is a common ailment of laying hens and is produced by numerous causes. It is evidenced by the lower portion of the oviduct becoming everted and projecting from the vent as a mass of red or purplish tissue. The length of time the bird has been ailing before the discovery is made and whether it is a partial or extensive prolapse determine the exact appearance.

CAUSES.

Weakness of the oviduct walls and ligaments and inability of this organ to stand the strain put upon it in egg production are the fundamental causes of the disease. The immediate causes are straining in laying large eggs, straining when there is some obstruction in the oviduct, as when the hen is egg bound, and constipation which would affect all the organs in that region of the body. Poultry laxative, a teaspoonful of castor oil or some epsom salts are good prescriptions for constipation.

TREATMENT.

The first step is to determine if there is an egg in the passage. If you find one, treat as for egg bound. If there is no egg, wash off the parts with warm soapy water and gently press the protusion back into place using mild healing ointment or carbolated vaseline on the fingers. Where the affected parts refuse to stay in place, try application of cold water or a lump of ice after the parts have been forced back into position. Feed lightly and keep the bird very quiet for a few days.

Treatment is useless in the case of an extensive prolapse, where the mass of tissue has turned blue or purplish or has been much picked at and torn by other birds. In such cases it is best to kill the bird.

OBSTRUCTION OF THE OVIDUCT.

This trouble may be suspected when a hen goes frequently to the nest and repeatedly makes expulsive efforts but does not lay. In such cases, poultrymen describe birds as "egg bound." Under this heading would come any derangement of the egg organs, either accidental or the result of a diseased condition of the oviduct that prevents the normal passage of the egg. Weakened muscles resulting from disease, improper nourishment, or overwork are usually the contributing factors to such derangement.

TREATMENT.

Treat ordinary cases by injecting a small quantity of sweet oil into the vent and then assist the passage of the egg by gentle pressing. Next, withhold all fat-producing foods. Reduce the feed and give green food in abundance.

If you cannot remove the egg, immerse the posterior portion of the fowl in warm water for about half an hour. Inject oil as before and again endeavor to assist the egg's movement. If this fails, insert an oiled finger and break the egg. This will allow the egg contents to escape. Be sure to remove all the shell with the finger.

If the oviduct is ruptured, through the fowl's attempt to expel the egg, and the egg breaks through the abdominal cavity, it will lead to death. Kill the fowl without loss of time if you find such a rupture has occurred. Five drop doses of Fluid Extract of Ergot should be given two or three times a day in treating for "Egg Bound."

FREAK EGGS.

Such unusual formations as large or double yolk eggs, diminutive eggs, eggs without shells, eggs with thin shells and other unnatural eggs are caused by various derangements of the egg organs. In most cases the cause of the trouble can be traced to an over fat condition or to liberal use of rich and overstimulating foods. In these cases force the birds to take sufficient exercise to keep them in healthy condition and give them more green food.

THE MAINE EXPERIMENT STATION AND MR. HOOVER'S OFFICE.

Three Station Biologists Called to Washington for the Period of the War.

In common with the other departments of the University of Maine, the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station at the opening of the war tendered its staff and facilities to the State and to the Federal Government. From the beginning the Director of the Station has served on the State Committee on Food Production and Conservation and in other minor ways the members of the staff have tried to be helpful. It is a great compliment to the Station, although it will interfere somewhat with its work of investigation, that three members of its staff have been "requisitioned" by Mr. Hoover for the period of the war. Although this will involve a delay in the analyses of accumulated data and in publishing the results of certain studies—particularly the cooperative breeding experiments that are just coming to a close—we appreciate, as will the citizens of the State for whom we work, that the exigencies coming out of the war were bound to interfere with normal work of a department of investigation. Because of the national emergency the public of the State will doubtless be interested in a brief account of these temporary changes in the Station Staff, in the work being undertaken at Washington by three members of the Staff in the office of the Federal Food Administrator, and in the way the animal and plant breeding work of the Station is being kept on.

Early in June Mr. Herbert C. Hoover, who has since been appointed by President Wilson, Food Administrator of the United States, requested Doctor Raymond Pearl, who has been for ten years Biologist of the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station, to come to Washington to organize the Statistical Department of the United States Food Administration, and act as the Chief of this Department for the duration of the war. In view of the national emergency, this request amounted practically to a command, and after careful deliberation the authorities of the University of Maine and the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station decided to grant Doctor Pearl leave of absence, without salary, for the duration of the war in order that he might undertake this work for Mr. Hoover.

Similar arrangements were made in regard to Doctor Frank M. Surface, Biologist in the Experiment Station, and Mr. John Rice Miner, Computer in the Biological Laboratory of the Experiment Station. Both of these men had worked with Doctor Pearl in the Experiment Station for many years, and he felt it to be necessary to have their aid in the organization and development of the large statistical problems in connection with the Food Administration.

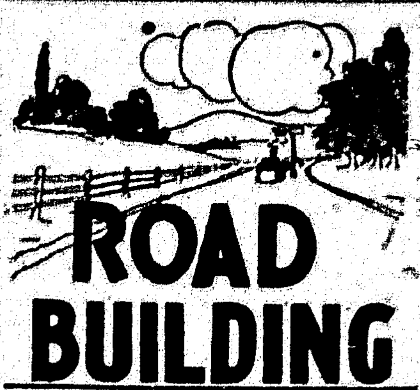
It is to be understood that the arrangements above described do not mean in any sense that the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station will permanently lose the services of these men. They are simply on leave of absence for the duration of the war, and will return to their work in Maine when the emergency is over. In the meantime, the Experiment Station has been extremely fortunate in being able to make arrangements to carry along the work of the Biological Department, both along animal husbandry and plant breeding lines without undue loss. This fortunate result comes about from two causes,—first, the policy which the Experiment Station has pursued for some years past of acting as a department of graduate and research study in agriculture to the University of Maine. Through this relation a number of young men have been given advanced training in the Biological Department and then gone out to positions elsewhere. One of these men, Doctor John W. Gowen, who spent a year in graduate work in the Experiment Station, and has since taken his doctor's degree in Columbia University, the Station was able to call back to take charge of the animal husbandry investigations during Doctor Pearl's absence. The second reason that the work is able to go on without being too seriously affected by this emergency dislocation is that great pains have been taken as a matter of policy to build up a loyal and efficient corps of assistants in the Station. The benefits of this policy are being reaped at this time, when a very serious disturbance of the investigational work of the Station must otherwise have resulted.

Chas. D. Woods, Director.

MAINE FAIR DATES.

Dates and secretaries of the Maine fairs for the season are:

Sept. 15—Embden, Chester K. William, North Anson, R. F. D. 1.
Sept. 18-20—North Franklin, Phillips, J. L. Haraden, Phillips.
Sept. 18-20—Waldo and Penobscot, Monroe, P. H. Putnam, Monroe.
Sept. 18-20—South Kennebec, South Windsor, A. N. Douglass, Gardiner, R. F. D. 9.
Sept. 18-20—Cumberland County, Gorham, P. E. Moulton, Gorham.
Sept. 19-20—North Oxford, Andover, J. P. Talbot, Andover.
Sept. 20-22—Somerset Central, Skowhegan, F. W. Weston, Skowhegan.
Sept. 21-22—Piscataquis County, Foxcroft, John A. Wiles, Foxcroft.
Sept. 25—Grange and Cattle Show, West Bethel, J. P. Mather, W. Bethel.
Sept. 25—Richmond Farmers' Club, Richmond, N. H. Skelton, Richmond.
Sept. 25-27—North Knox, Union, H. L. Gleason, Union.
Sept. 25-26—West Washington, Cherryfield, W. S. Collins, Harrington.
Sept. 25-27—Bristol, Bristol, O. A. Ward, Bristol.
Sept. 25-27—West Penobscot, Exeter, E. E. Colbath, Dexter, R. F. D. 3.
Sept. 25-27—Franklin County, Farmington, Geo. D. Clark, Farmington.
Sept. 26-27—Cumberland Farmers' Club, West Cumberland, Willard Wilson, Cumberland Center.
Sept. 26—Cochnewagan Agricultural Society, Monmouth, W. E. Reynolds, Monmouth.
Oct. 2—Greene Town Fair Association, W. L. Mower, Greene, R. F. D. 1.
Oct. 2-4—West Oxford, Fryeburg, H. Walker McKeen, Fryeburg.
Oct. 2-4—New Gloucester and Danville, Upper Gloucester, J. P. Witham, New Gloucester.
Oct. 2-4—Androscoggin County, Livermore Falls, Chas. D. Dyke, Livermore Falls.
Oct. 2-4—Lincoln County, Damariscotta, J. A. Perkins, Nobleboro.
Oct. 2-4—Shapleigh and Acton, Acton, Geo. T. Crediford, Shapleigh.
Oct. 4—Tranquility Grange Agricultural Assn., Lincolnville, Lawrence C. Rankins, Lincolnville.



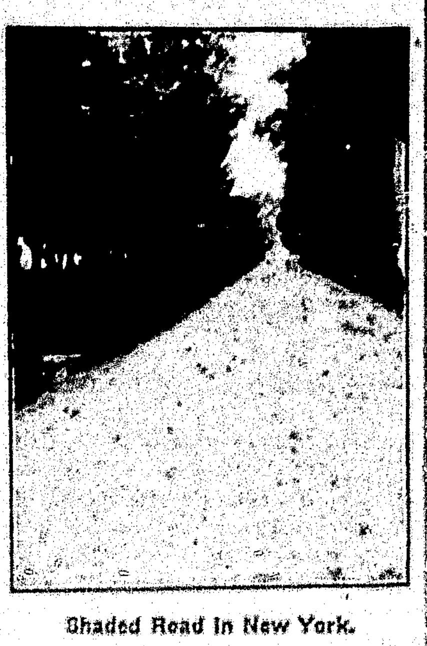
SHADE TREES ON ROADSIDES

Nine-Tenths of Highways in New York Entirely Void of Vegetation—Plan to Improve.

By investigations just completed by the New York State College of Forestry at Syracuse, it has been found that nine-tenths of the roadsides in the rural districts of New York state are entirely void of shade trees. When this is considered along with the fact that last year New York state paid out of the state treasury about $30,000,000 for the construction and maintenance of road beds, it shows that the state is not yet awake to the great need and the great possibilities in rural roadside improvement.

A preliminary survey has just been made by H. R. Francis in charge of the landscape extension work of the College of Forestry.

During the survey, studies were made of such important features in rural roadside improvement and beautification as good and bad varieties of trees found along the highways, views and vistas obtained from the highways, the effects of the shade trees on crops in adjacent fields, the possibilities of the covering of barren embankments and the planting of some desirable sort of vegetation where overhead wires are in large numbers. One of the principal features studied was the condition of the roadbed as affected by the presence or absence of shade trees.



Shaded Road in New York.

Few people in the state will be able to visit the wonderful national parks of the West, but an increasing number of people will own automobiles and use the highways of the state. Many, if not all, of these highways may easily become state parkways of beautiful trees and shrubs. Trees grow like weeds under the climatic conditions existent in New York and with varied scenery of intense interest the highways of the state will eventually become as beautiful as those of any other state in the Union.—Green's Fruit Grower.

LOGGING TRUCKS MAKE ROAD

One Type of Car Used in Far West Has Front Tires of Ten Inches and Rear Ones of Twenty.

Powerful wide-tired trucks are now being used in logging regions in Oregon and Washington, which virtually make their own roads as they go. One type of these cars is described in Popular Mechanics' Magazine. It has front tires 10 inches wide. An experienced driver carefully selects his course as he goes over a route for the first time and the weight of his machine makes a road as it moves along. A few trips over the same line of travel serves to make a hard, smooth surface which will withstand considerable bad weather. Four-wheeled trailers are often used with these trucks.

GOOD ROADS ARE ATTRACTIVE

Thousands of Farmers Making Direct Profits by Catering to Passing Automobilists.

The use of the automobile by farmers has completely changed the rural attitude toward motoring, and tens of thousands of men are making direct profits by catering to the passing motorist. In order to attract him there must be a good road, and thus the hump of rural conservation is leavened to a surprising degree.

Cowpea Is Valuable.

If you haven't cowpea seed, buy it. As a food and feed crop, the cowpea should have a big place on nearly every farm.

Cream Grading.

Cream grading will be required in the near future. Why not start now to improve quality? It will pay in the long run.

Bond Issue for Ohio.

Ohio is talking of a $500,000,000 highway bond issue.

HOME TOWN HELPS

CITY PLANNING FOR FRANCE

Some Good to Result From Destruction of Towns by Bombardment of the German Armies.

There is no great loss, according to homely philosophy, without some slight gain. Great disasters often lead to better conditions. The old fable of the phoenix rising from its ashes is essentially true.

France is to profit by the ruin of so many of her cities. So her people have decreed. When the German armies are driven from her soil, her maimed towns are to be rebuilt. But they will not be reconstructed along former lines. The narrow streets will not be restored. The buildings centuries old, picturesque, perhaps, but scarcely sanitary, will not be restored. Reims and other bombarded cities are to be rebuilt according to the latest plans of experts in city planning. They are to be models on which cities untouched by German cannonades will look with envy.

But that is not all. France has decided that she cannot afford in future to allow towns and cities to grow up in the old haphazard way. A law has been adopted which compels every municipality to organize a planning commission, which will decide on its future growth. Every improvement will have to conform to the city plan, whether it is made in newly developed territory, or replaces a construction of long standing. Paris, having outgrown the Haussmann plans, has organized a bureau which will care not only for the city, but for the whole metropolitan area.

INDIVIDUAL CUPS FOR HORSES.

This is one of a number of drinking fountains for horses, with individual cups, erected by the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to animals.

TRACTORS ARE USED BY CITY

Buffalo Declared to Have Best Garbage Collection System by Boston Investigating Committee.

Buffalo has the best new garbage collection plan according to three engineers that Mayor Curley of Boston sent to other cities to find out which had the best one in operation. The engineer's report describes the Buffalo system briefly as follows:

"The city is divided into districts of such size that four horse-drawn vehicles will handle the garbage, ashes or refuse, picking it up from the houses. These four vehicles after filling are pulled to a central point from which a tractor takes them on the long haul to the reduction plant, or dump, as the case may be. In this way the short haul with frequent stops is taken care of by horses, while for the long haul the tractor is used taking several trailers. Care in routing vehicles would be necessary to get full advantage of the tractors and keep them constantly working. These tractors cost about $5,000 apiece and the trailers about $1,000. For a city of the size of Boston the first expense for this scheme might be $250,000, and considerably study would be required to assure its economy."

Garbage Dumps Unsanitary.

Not a few cities dump their garbage upon plots of land located usually in outskirts of the city. This is not disposal at all, but simply the placing or removal of filth from one locality to another. One health authority has this to say in regard to dumping garbage on the outskirts:

"Whole groups of zymotic diseases are traceable to ground conditions. When, as in some parts, soils are composed of an accumulation of decaying matters from the city, the building of houses over it may conceal but cannot destroy the contamination. More or less of the foul air must find its way out of the soil and endanger the health of the people living upon it."

A Hint for Gardeners.

In city and town gardens, where the space is restricted, it is best to have the rows run the long way of the garden—north to south if possible to prevent the growing plants from shading each other and planting several kinds of similarly growing vegetables like green onions, radishes, etc. [illegible]

PUBLIC ROADS

ROADS REDUCE LIVING COST

Make for Prosperity More Than Any Other National Undertaking, Says Alaskan Engineer.

"Good roads, more than any other national undertaking, make for the prosperity, happiness and contentment of the people," declared Col. W. P. Richardson, engineer in charge of highways in Alaska. "This is particularly evident at this time, when in every large city there is protest against the high prices of food. In my judgment, good roads, more than any other agency, will help to solve permanently the high cost of living. Transportation, of course, is at the foundation of prices. It is truthfully said that where there is inadequate transportation food prices mount high. We know that in cities prices are greatly in excess of those in rural districts and it is all a matter of transportation and distribution. If we have good roads, we can get our products to market. If we haven't, we cannot. Products on the farm are worth nothing if they cannot find a market. I am convinced that the most important governmental work is in the improvement of the roads. In this day of motor trucks it is much easier to haul products to the cities or to railroad terminals than it was a few years ago, but we must have good roads to do it. There is not the slightest doubt that good roads many times over pay for themselves. They are a fundamental economic necessity.

Good Road Over Rocky Mountains.

"The initial outlay in the building of good roads may seem large, but it is small in comparison with the benefits that accrue. In Alaska we have approximately 900 miles of improved roads, varying from the ordinary country dirt road to the best kind of macadam. In Nome there is a stretch of road over which in the summer time thousands of tons of products are hauled."

POOR ROADS ARE EXPENSIVE

Mistaken Idea That Improved Highways Are Solely for Benefit of Automobile Owners.

Poor roads are very expensive things for country communities. The farmer who thinks that improved highways are mainly for the benefit of those who drive automobiles should reflect on the results of a recent investigation by the department of agriculture, which finds that the cost of hauling farm produce over ordinary country roads is 23 cents a ton mile, whereas over hard-surfaced roads it is only 13 cents.—Youth's Companion.

OPERATION OF A ROAD DRAG

Use Pokiest, Laziest Kind of Team and Let Them Have Their Own Time—Just Keep Moving.

Do not wait for anything; build a drag and get out onto the road.

Drive very slowly. Use the pokiest, laziest team you own, and give them their time. Just so they keep moving they will be going swiftly enough. After you have used the drag a year, and have learned when to drive rapidly and when to drive slowly, you can carry a whip or drive a mettlesome team.

Vetch as Cover Crop.

An expert says that winter vetch does best as a cover crop if a little rye is seeded with it. One bushel of vetch to one-half bushel of rye per acre is about right.

Bad Habit of Cow.

Once a cow finds out she can get over an old fence there will be trouble perhaps for all time.

Rats Are Expensive.

Fifty rats on a farm will cost the owner $100 to $500 a year.

...BUSINESS COLLEGE

A Man in Demand

The Bay Stater leaves a broad, bright streak behind. *Here*, he makes a house or barn sparkling new; *there*, a boat, bike or whatnot is put in the pink of condition. Then he's off to his next job, in double-quick time.

When you buy paint see that the label says "Bay State," in big, bold letters. Don't let the dealer quibble; remember—"Bay State."

We've a book about this "man in demand" and his paints. Send for it—it's free.

WADSWORTH, HOWLAND & CO., Inc., Boston, Mass.
Largest Paint and Varnish Makers and only Corroders of Lead in New England

ALL LEADING DEALERS SELL
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NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Continued from page 1.

smashed a lot of precedents, and when the "insurgents" broke loose he was the most fiery of them all. Four years ago he was the leader of the small group of Progressives who came to Congress on the Roosevelt break from the Republican party. Afterwards he ran for Senator in Kansas and was defeated. Then he went to the last Progressive National Convention, but refused to follow Roosevelt back into the Republican party. Just before election it was announced that he would support Wilson. Now he returns to Washington as a member of the Federal Trade Commission, a place for which he seems eminently qualified. The Commission has some of the biggest war problems to handle, and it has grown into one of the most effective branches of the federal machine. Washington is pleased to have the "fiery Murdock" back again.

AMERICAN MEAT-EATERS.

The American people have been eating up their livestock without replacing the supply for twenty-five years. In consequence beefsteaks have become almost a delicacy and pork chops an extravagance. Now a hundred and twenty-five livestock specialists from all parts of the country have gathered in Washington to determine "what we are going to do about it." The war complicates matters, as this country is expected to send meats abroad, while it has an insufficient supply for the wants of our own people. Official statistics show that the meat supply according to the population, is only about half what it was a quarter century ago. Several million dollars worth of literature has been issued by the Government trying to induce the raising of cattle. But the propaganda has not been successful; and the 125 experts will do well if they suggest some other scheme besides scaring farmers. Because the farmers won't be scared.

THE SUFFRAGE JAIL CROP.

Nearly twenty women have been sentenced to jail for picketing the White House during the past month. It has developed at a meeting held in headquarters at Washington that the women are receiving large financial support. One of the women who had been in jail related at a gathering of her associates that she went "up into hard-shelled New England, and held meetings." She said the people came to hear her, largely out of curiosity. And when she had finished her story [illegible] was subscribed to continue the work which now consists principally in picketing the White House. Evidently it is the purpose to send the women who have served jail sentences to all parts of the country to tell of their experiences and advocate woman suffrage.

SEVEN TONS OF POLITICS.

There is a daily average of seven tons of frankable mail sent out by the two Houses of Congress from Washington. Nearly all of it is campaign material.

WEST PERU.

Alvin Smith and family, also Carroll [illegible] and wife, and Harold [illegible] spent Sunday at Concord Pond.

Elmer Hammon and family of Hanover were guests at H. H. Tracy's over Sunday.

W. R. Gordon and family will soon move to the village so to be near their work.

Mrs. R. C. Putnam came home from [illegible] last week, where she has been on a visit with Mrs. [illegible] Haile.

Mildred Tracy and Harold Babson were callers on friends at Hanover and East Andover last Sunday.

Mrs. G. H. Sargent and son, [illegible], were visitors in this place a few days last week.

C. R. [illegible] and wife went to Rumford last Saturday to take advantage of the dollar day bargains.

Perhaps the ordinary man might be out of the ordinary if he had the energy.

TOMATO WILT.

No Known Cure—Resistant Plants Offer Most Satisfactory Method of Coping with the Disease.

While there is no cure of plants once affected with tomato wilt, steps may be taken to avoid or prevent the disease, says the United States Department of Agriculture. The most hopeful method is by selecting the seed from resistant plants.

This disease of the tomato, known as fusarium wilt, occurs in practically all of the eastern half of the country and is common in the sandy soils of the Southeast. It has a particularly discouraging feature in that the plants may be large and beginning to set fruit before the disease shows and they begin to wilt. Usually the lower leaves show the disease first. They turn yellow and wither, and then the whole plant wilts as if for lack of water, sometimes without the characteristic yellowing of the lower leaves.

Cause of the Disease.

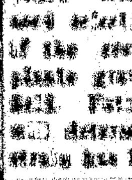
The disease is caused by a minute fungus which lives on decaying vegetable matter in the soil. It attacks the new roots first and goes upward through the water-carrying channels in the stem, filling them up and cutting off the moisture supply. As soon as the plant shows the effects of the disease it should be removed and burned to prevent the formation of the spores by which the fungus is reproduced.

Since the plants once affected are lost, control measures must be aimed toward prevention. The seed bed must be in uninfected soil, since a common method of spreading the disease is to set out plants from infected beds. Soil sterilization by live steam will kill the fungus. Rotation with other crops may save an infected field, because the tomato wilt organism does not affect other plants and will die out if tomatoes are kept off the ground. In a garden the location of the tomato plants should be changed each year, and if the entire garden is infected tomatoes will have to be left out, or planted elsewhere for a time.

New land may be infected by the transfer of the fungus on particles of soil clinging to implements, to the feet of workers or work animals, in old tomato stakes, or in drainage water from an infected field higher up. There is a possibility that infection may be carried on the seed, so it should be saved from healthy plants only. Seed may be disinfected by soaking it for 15 minutes in formaldehyde solution, one teaspoonful to a teacup of water. The seed should then be washed in clear water and dried.

Resistant Plants.

The most satisfactory method of control will be through the planting of strains or varieties resistant to the disease. Progress is being made by the Department of Agriculture in the breeding of such varieties, and it is expected that seed of these will be ready for distribution within two years. Growers may make resistant seed selections from their own fields if the seed is saved from healthy plants growing in a badly diseased field. Future trials on infected land will determine whether an immune strain has been found.



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"THE HUMBLE PEANUT."

By J. E. Jones.

Norfolk, Virginia, Aug. 25.

I am told that they are making nitro-glycerine out of peanut oil, and in that case I suppose the results will be a case of shooting peanuts into Kaiser Bill's crowd of democracy-busters.

The Virginia peanut will be harvested in a few weeks, and the extent of the industry is shown by the fact that its value will amount to over $20,000,000. By the time Mr. Peanut gets to the consuming public in bags, confectionery, oil, salted peanuts, and its other products, the Virginia-Carolina product will likely equal in round dollars almost as much as the size of the first Liberty Loan. This may sound rather an extravagant estimate, but there are between 800,000 and 900,000 acres of soil in the district doing their bit in the growing of peanuts; and the humble peanut becomes very much of an aristocrat on the market by the time he evolves into the products of the best candy makers, or has the oil squeezed out of his valuable carcass, and is offered to the public as "pure olive oil."

The peanut has "gone some" since those days right after the Civil War when it first broke into commerce. The Virginia crops in those days amounted to only 200,000 bushels, and much of it was used as live-stock feed. The Smithfield ham became famous because the razor-back hogs about the Virginia village were fed and sweetened on peanuts. And today there are no hams in the world equal to those cured at Smithfield.

During the past two weeks I have been enjoying the salubrious climate, and looking into the beauties, glories and achievements of the Old Dominion. Among the peanuts of Virginia I have found respite from the din of war talk, and I concluded that it was a good story, in view of the fact that everybody eats peanuts; though they are grown only in certain areas.

My first discovery was that it is a misnomer to speak of the peanut as "humble," since in southeast Virginia and North Carolina I found A1 towns, with great peanut factories—clean, spacious and inviting, devoted to the industry. The factories are the industries that constitute the big profitable activities that have resulted in the building of fine towns and cities. The National Peanut Cleaners and Shellers Association is composed of as fine a group of business men as can be found in any manufacturing or industrial pursuit in the country. Their headquarters are at Suffolk, which is the principal point for handling the nuts in the factories. Norfolk retains the lead in sales.

When I asked Secretary Cox of the Chamber of Commerce at Norfolk to give me a pointer on the most interesting topic that he could think of, he rattled off a list of things, including the big naval base, truck gardening, etc. In the list he mentioned "peanuts," and that sounded like poetry to me. Most of the ordinary things can be done in the average community, but Peanuts is unique. And so it came about that I learned my lesson in peanuts.

I found that forty gallons of oil are produced by the usual half ton of peanuts raised on an acre of land. I also learned that an acre of peanuts is worth twice as much as an acre of corn; that peanuts contain from 45 to 55 per cent of oil, and thirty per cent and upwards of protein qualities. Therefore a pound of peanuts has a greater food value than corn or meat.

Fifty years ago a gentleman named Thomas D. Rowland, now ninety-two years old, with whom I talked in Norfolk, introduced the Virginia peanut into society. He made the first shipments of the Virginia nut to New York, and after awhile the yell of "hot roasted peanuts" attracted the attention of Manhattanites, and they have been eating peanuts in increasing quantities ever since. Mr. Rowland says it was hard to get people started eating peanuts; but that he succeeded in his initial efforts is evidenced by the fact that life would be more or less of a tragedy in these modern times without peanuts. Peanuts have evolved! The original representatives of the species was a plain nut, and the big variety that we still find at the corner are the "Virginia" varieties. The small, shelled nuts put out by vending machines, and used largely in manufactured products, are the "Spanish peanut." They are also grown in Virginia, and both kinds of nuts are of first-class value. In the evolution of the peanut we find that the vine, or hay, furnishes first-class stock food. Peanut shells surpass all other methods for use in the polishing of tin plate, steel bearings, and burnishing castings. They are also used in iron and steel foundries in preparing the molds into which the metal is poured. The little red or pink skin which protects the nuts, has splendid feeding value, and is frequently supplied separately to branches of the trade. The finest and purest of oil comes from the nut, and it is used in many ways. It is found in peanut butter, the pure peanut oil, in oleomargarine, in mayonnaise dressing, etc. In quality and purity it has already backed cotton-seed oil off the map, and as its fine merits are becoming known, and are being vouched for by the Department of Agriculture, by Experiment Stations, and by pure food experts everywhere, it is not going to be long before "peanut oil" is bound to replace the "Olive Oil" bottle on the American dinner table.

Peanuts are products of Dixie land, and they are grown in Texas and other parts of the Sunny South. But Virginia is the parent home of the industry. It seems strange that a commodity that is sold everywhere, and which has perhaps the most universal distribution of any food crop, has only been active in commerce since the early nineties. Of course people have eaten peanuts for centuries, for the American variety was brought over here from Africa in the days when slave-trading was carried on. But in the early nineties a group of pioneer manufacturers enlisted the Virginia farmers to "get into the game" in earnest. At the same time new machinery designed to clean the raw nuts and separate them from the vines, was brought out. Traveling salesmen talked peanuts in every class of store everywhere.

And see what happened! Picnics, circuses, courtships, trolley rides, the beaches, and the movies, are sweetened by the presence of little bags of peanuts. Eating peanuts has become as habitual as adjusting one's collar button, or fastening up the hooks and eyes before Gwendolyn goes out for the afternoon.

In this yarn about peanuts I have omitted to add the important fact, so it may as well go in at the finish. Here it is: Raw peanuts will keep good for months, or even years. As long as their shells are unbroken the worms do not enter the nuts, and the meat remains sweet. These facts are cited to show that the food products made from peanuts are of the highest standards in pure foods. The man who sells you "hot roasted peanuts" may sting you—and he doubtless has; but that was because the roasted peanuts will not keep indefinitely, and they deteriorate after a time.

The sorting of the different varieties and grades of peanuts is done with great care, first by machinery, and at the finish by colored sorters and inspectors.

Years ago I visited the canning factories for salmon on the Columbia River in British Columbia, and it was two or three years before I could about eating canned salmon again. My experience in the peanut region was in exact contradiction to the above. I ate so many peanuts in the Virginia-Carolina district, that I am compelled to write up the story, in the hopes that it may help me to get ready for new endeavors and new subjects. For these paragraphs are the last of vacation time in the Old Dominion State.

BRYANT'S POND.

The vote was very light here Monday, about a third of the voters registered, coming to the polls. On the suffrage amendment the vote was 47 in favor to 46 against. J. M. Day and Fred P. DeShon served as ballot clerks.

Woodstock's Red Cross Auxiliary sent its first box for the soldiers to Peter Pan Hospital last week. Much of the work has been done through meetings at Mrs. Ellery's tea room. Besides hose, scarfs, sweaters and wristers, there were forwarded 14 comfort pillows, 4 bed pads, 23 yards of square bandage, 12 operating towels, 12 serviettes, 20 fomentation cloths, and 400 eye dressings.

The corn shop was opened for business Tuesday morning. Not much of the corn has matured yet, and probably there will be various shut downs before the crop is all ready.

James H. Ring, carrier on Route 1, is taking a vacation and with his family is visiting in Portland and Boston.

WEST BETHEL.

The first frost at this place came Monday, Sept. 10.

School in the West Bethel district resumed work Monday with the same teacher, Miss Jennie Bean, also the Flat school began the same day with Miss Eva Bartlett as teacher from E. Bethel.

E. L. Mason is being visited by his son, C. A. Mason, and daughter from Milford, N. H.

Mrs. Helen Tyler came home from Norway, Monday.

There were six to go from this place Tuesday to Bethel village who will attend Gould's Academy, four of them had been one year.

READ the Advertisements

COMMON STORAGE OF APPLES.

Faulty Construction and Mismanagement of Houses Chief Cause of Losses by This Method, Say Specialists.

Apples keep for a reasonable time in good condition in common storage, provided the storage is carried on under favorable climatic conditions and skill and diligence are exercised in the construction and management of the storage house. A good house poorly managed will prove disappointing, while a poor house well managed may prove quite satisfactory. The man in charge is the most important factor for success or failure. The unsatisfactory results oftentimes experienced in this type of storage in the apple-growing sections of the Pacific Northwest are not due to the principle of air cooling or common storage, according to specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture who have just published a report of investigations on this subject. This publication, Farmers' Bulletin 852, "Management of Common Storage Houses for Apples in the Pacific Northwest," by H. J. Ramsey and S. J. Dennis, discusses the reasons for losses in common storage in the Northwest, describes the fundamental requirements of a good storage house, and points out how the houses already built can be utilized to the best advantage.

Where climatic conditions are favorable, apples can be held in common storage for long periods in almost as good condition as in cold storage, the specialists declare. When long storage periods are necessary cold storage has advantages over the common storage method. When common storage is employed to supplement cold-storage facilities, it should be the aim to move that part of the crop held in common storehouses earlier in the season. That apples have been held in good condition for several months in air-cooled storage houses in the Pacific Northwest shows that this method is entirely practicable in that region, say the specialists.

Whether or not apples will keep well in storage depends upon several factors—the inherent keeping quality of the variety, soil conditions and the cultivation of the trees, care in harvesting, the maturity of the fruit at the time of picking, promptness in cooling the apples, and the temperatures and humidity conditions of the storage houses. A common storage house must provide for a free intake and circulation of cold air during the night or cooler portions of the day. This cold air must be conserved by the prompt closing of outlets and intakes as soon as the outside temperature begins to rise and also by suitable insulation to prevent the leakage of heat through the walls, floors, and ceilings of the building.

Storage houses must not be used for packing during the harvesting season. Even when utilized only for storing it is oftentimes very difficult to effect the necessary cooling. The maintenance of satisfactory storage conditions in a house used for other purposes is out of the question. The storage room should be opened only for putting in or removing fruit or for ascertaining temperature conditions inside.

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The officials of our company, most of whom are residents of Oklahoma and who have studied all phases of the oil industry, and therefore are well acquainted with the needs of successful companies, have selected over 10,000 acres of choice oil lands in Oklahoma and Kansas for drilling operations. We shall drill ten wells at once, or so fast as the drillers can do the work. Our company should have production in 60 days. Production means dividends, and an advance in the price of the stock according to the rate of dividends paid.

First wells will be drilled on a 70 acre lease on the Wheeler proven oil fields of Carter County, near Ardmore, Oklahoma. It is said this county is now producing 60,000 barrels of oil daily. Our lease is near the property of the Coline Oil Company, a very successful corporation owned by the Santa Fe Railroad Company. It is reported a well, about half a mile from our lease, recently came in with a daily production of 200 barrels.

Our other holdings consist of well-selected acreage in Kansas and Oklahoma, in territory which is considered by oil men as highly promising for oil production. We will drill only in what is considered absolutely proven fields and will do no "wildcatting."

As soon as production will justify we shall build a 1,050 barrel refinery. Some refineries pay as high as $60 per cent profit.

We are offering 100,000 shares of treasury stock at 50 cents a share. Much of this has already been sold to Oklahoma investors who know our officials and our property. We have a small block left which we will sell at the above price—50 cents a share. The offer will be withdrawn as soon as the 100,000 shares have been sold. The next apportionment will be offered at par value, $1 per share.

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VOLUME XXIII—NUMBER 19.

WAR LETTERS

George Mundt Writes of Army Life at Home and Abroad

A letter from one of our soldier boys, George Mundt, describing life at Fort Slocum, New York.

My Dear Mother,

I received your letter yesterday, and with little to do today as it is raining, I will answer it.

For pay here, we are to receive thirty dollars per month, also a general line of clothes. After our first six months' clothes we get seven cents for clothes.

We have to get up at five-thirty for reveille (the raising of the flag.) Between then and seven-thirty we eat breakfast—some bread line—. Each one has his mess kit like campers,—fork, knife, spoon, dipper and a combination outfit—a deep dish something like a frying pan with a hinge handle which holds on a cover used to put food on. Also, during this time we make our beds, sweep, and roll up the walls. Then we have five drills in the morning. At 1.10 p. m. we line up to see who is going out or who has work to do. Every one has his share of work to do, such as sweeping walks, working in the kitchen, cleaning barracks, or something. At 2.15 we line up for monkey drill and if we don't have to work, we do all kinds of stunts. All I've done so far is to run around the island. It is very small, for one can walk around it in about half an hour. Then we are free till retreat. When they pull down the flag at 6.15 we are free to do as we please till 11.00 p. m., when they blow taps; but lights must be out at 9.00 and quiet.

Memorial Day I helped fire the salute,—twenty-one shots from a three-inch gun, ten seconds apart; quite a noise.

The place is overstocked, and we don't get as much good stuff as we ought. I shall be glad when I go to my regular Post.

Mr. Mundt writes to his mother, from Camp Wilson, Texas.

My Dear Mother,

I left Fort Slocum a week ago today. We had a fine trip. It took us from Monday, 9.30 a. m. till Thursday, 1.30 p. m. to get here. I like it much better than at Slocum, although it is awfully hot; the thermometer broke at 120° Saturday. They work us hard, but I like it. If it wasn't that one is apt to be sent at any time to have his head taken off, he would love the life.

If you see any blots, don't think they are tears. I'm sweating like a nigger. Today was my first exercise on the horses. I expect to know how to ride when I get out of here. We also have drills on marching in columns and also in squads of four; also drills on the guns; not firing them, but in naming the parts and learning the changes. We work from 7.00 a. m. to 4.30 p. m. with the exception of some time off in the afternoon.

A soldier can't go anywhere in civilian clothes, and no liquor is sold him. All the nuisances in the city of San Antonio have been closed. We get better food here than at Slocum. We also have better tents, with a floor and part board walls. We have to keep ourselves clean, our tents and our streets, as we call them. No one knows how many are here. We have 194 in our Battery, and there are batteries from A to F, besides a supply company. Of course there is only one regiment of field artillery, but there are three of cavalry, and as many more of infantry, medical corps, and signal corps.

I am carried away with the army life. I'm glad I joined.

A week later Mr. Mundt writes:

I have been here a week, and find it a fine place. I like it better and better every day; but I see one will soon get lazy as imaginable here. We have to keep on the go, but not work. I think it would kill me to do real work now! We have quite a few rides, and take care of the horses every day. The horses are not exactly saddle horses, but know where to go better than many of us men. The other day one of the non-commissioned officers got mad at a numbhead, and told him to let go of the reins; and that the horse would go along if he just gave the command; and the horse did forward march, halt, column right and left perfectly. To-day I had a big, lumbering horse. Every time he came to a ditch he would walk through, but when he got on the other side he would buck twice. Some of the men